No. 30,643

Established 1887

Three of Saturn's icy moons, (from left) Tethys, Dione and Rhea, appear as white dots on

the top of this photograph assembled from images obtained by Voyager-2 when at a distance of 13 million miles. The black dot in the top half of the planet is the shadow of Tethys. Voyager-2 Approaches Saturn

At Speed of Over 28,000 mph

Washington Post Service
PASADENA, Calif. — Saturn is situated in a world of moons and rings in continuous collision with one another, grinding away in a process that makes the planet look like a giant blender 1 bil-

"We see so many rings circling the planet that it's conceivable the same particles are colliding every five to 10 hours," Voyager Project scientist Edward C. Stone said at a news conference at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory here, where scientists are directing the Voyager-2 flight by Saturn. "These ring particles don't hit hard but when they do, one particle bumps the other in toward the planet while it gets bumped away from the planet."

Wobbling in Orbit

Voyager-2 is flying toward the planet at more than 28,000 miles an hour and is scheduled to fly over Saturn's rings late Tuesday, coming as close as 5,000 miles from the rings and within 63,000 miles of Saturn's cloud tops, closer than its sister

Voyager-1 got last November.

Voyager-2 already has sent back more than halfof the 18,500 pictures it is expected to take of the
striped planet, its 17 known moons and hundreds

Among them was a sequence of pictures of the

moon called Hyperion that suggested it was wob-bling in orbit around Saturn, possibly after suffer-ing a collision of some kind hundreds, thousands

or even millions of years ago. The first photograph of Hyperion suggested it was shaped like a peanut, a second made it look like a potato and a third had it looking like a giant peanut again. The moon is almost twice as long (223 miles) as it is wide (130 miles), and scientists believe it could only be shaped the way it is if it had run up against something and lost a big chunk in a collision.

"I think the reason it was changing its shape from picture to picture is that it's wobbling about," Dr. Garry Hunt of University College, London, said. "I think the reason it's wobbling is that it's still suffering the ill effects of some ancient collision, it still hasn't damped out the motions it would make after its accident."

Drawn toward Saturn by the sheer strength of the planet's gravity, Voyager-2 was speeding up by almost a thousand miles an hour every hour it flew on toward its rendezvous, the last time for five years that a U.S. spacecraft will have a close

encounter of any kind with another planet.

The next encounter will come in 1986 when votages 2 thes by Uranus, the seventh planet out from the sun.

On the spacecraft's way toward the rings of Sa-(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Angola Reports S. African Incursion

LISBON - Two South African military columns, spearheaded by armor and supported by air strikes, have driven deep into southern Angola and could start a war of "unforseeable consequenc-

said 32 South African tanks and 82 other vehicles, covered by air units, spearheaded two motorized columns that thrust across the frontier Monday from South-West Africa (Namibia) and fought with Angolan forces on the road to the southern town of Lu-

bango.

The Angolan government Tuesday night ordered a general military mobilization, the official news

tary mobilization, the official news agency reported.

One South African column reportedly clashed with Angolan forces at Xangongo, about 100 kilometers (60 miles) by road inside the border, and at the same time the town was pounded by air strikes, an Angolan Defense Ministry communiqué said. The other column began fighting with Angolan troops after it occupied the village of Cataquero 26 kilometers (16 miles) northwest of Xangongo on the road to Cahama, it added. on the road to Cahama, it added. No details of casualties were given, but the communique said the invasion was preceded Friday by

from the border. Airports Closed

reconnaissance flights and the bombing of Cahama and Tchibem-ba, 300 kilometers (180 miles)

Civilian airports in northern Namibia had been closed until further notice "because of the high density of air traffic in the area." Such a move has in the past accompanied large South African incursions against guerrilla bases of the South-West Africa People's Organization in Angola.

Angola appealed to United Na-

tions Secretary-General Kurt Waltheim Tuesday to use his authority to halt South African "aggres-sion." In a message addressed to Mr. Waldheim at the UN, although he is in Austria on vaca-tion, Angolan President Jose Eduardo Dos Santos said that 45,000 South African troops were massed on the border between Angola and South-West Africa. He said there had been military at-tacks and violations of air space

and land territory by South Africa.
The message did not include such details as the assertion made dispatch to Lisbon Tuesday that 32 South African tanks spearheaded motorized units penetrating the

country.

In Johannesburg, well-placed military analysts confirmed that South African forces were involved in a major drive across the Angolan border against SWAPO, a black nationalist group that has been fighting a 15-year guerrilla war against Pretoria's rule of South-West Africa.

'Collective Self-Defense'

Angolan Embassy sources in Lisbon said Mr. Dos Santos was warning that Angola may call on ontside help when he referred in his telegram to Mr. Waldheim to his country's right under Article 51 of the UN Charter to "individual or collective self-defense if an

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat greets Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin upon his arrival in Alexandria for talks.

Sadat, Begin Discuss Stalled Peace Process

The Associated Press ALEXANDRIA, Egypt — Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin Tuesday opened two days of talks aimed at resuming the stalled Middle East peace process. Mr. Sadat is expected to press Israel to lift restrictions on the

Growing Islamic fundamentalist movement challenges Anwar Sadat's rule. Page 2.

Palestinians in occupied areas. Mr. Begin wants Mr. Sadat to accelerate the normalization of relations. tions. Even if agreements are reached, Egyptian sources said, details would probably be kept secret until after Mr. Begin meets with President Reagan in Washington next month.

Israeli officials said Mr. Begin is seeking revival of the talks with Egypt and the United States on

By Bernard Gwertzman

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - In announc-

ing its plans to proceed with the

sale of five AWACS surveillance

aircraft to Saudi Arabia, the

Reagan administration enclosed

the deal in a strategic framework

designed to persuade Israel and its

backers that Israel's security would

be enhanced and not diminished

by a strengthening of Saudi mili-

Underlying this approach to Middle East policy is Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr.'s belief — first stated last March—

that "it is fundamentally import-

ant to begin to develop a con-sensus of strategic concerns throughout the region among Arab

and Jew and to be sure that the

overriding danger of Soviet in-

roads into this area are not over-

the Palestinian issue. However, Israeli officials have said repeatedly that they have nothing new to bring to the negotiations.

In two years of talking, Israel and Egypt have agreed that a Pal-estinian council would be elected to head the government in the West Bank and Gaza. They have been unable to agree on how much power the council would have or whether the Arabs of East Jerusalem could vote in the election for the council.

Mr. Sadat halted the normalization process after the Israeli attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor, which came just four days after the two leaders held their last meeting and was a considerable embarrassment to the Egyptian leader in the Arab

Mr. Sadat visited Washington earlier this month and told Mr. Reagan he thought it is time the Americans opened talks with the Palestine Liberation Organization.

vately and at an elaborate press

briefing Monday afternoon, goes

ened by instability and Soviet pen-

etration. Israel, Saudi Arabia and

NEWS ANALYSIS

other pro-Western nations need to

have their defenses strengthened

and to see the United States play a

greater military role in the region.

By selling the AWACS aircraft to

Saudi Arabia, the United States

builds confidence in that country.

increases its military presence in the region, protects the oil fields

and, over the long run, encourages Saudi backing for Middle East peace efforts. These steps help Is-

rael's security, and therefore Israel

The entire Middle East is threat-

Administration **Moves Ahead** On Saudi Deal

By Charles Mohr

New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration has formally noti-fied Congress that it is proceeding with its intention to sell Saudi Arabia five advanced Airborne Warning and Control System aircraft and other air defense equipment. saying the sale would be the "cornerstone" of a policy to strengthen U.S. strategic interests in the Middle East.

A senior State Department official told reporters Monday that the administration was "confident that the sheer logic of the proposal is so overwhelming as to guarantee suc-cess" during a forthcoming con-gressional debate in which the \$8.5-billion sale could be veteed by a joint resolution of disapproval.

Opposition to the arms sale is to a considerable extent based on fears that the "air defense enhancement package," as a govern-ment paper described it, would en-danger or threaten Israel.

Addressing this concern. James L. Buckley, the State Department's undersecretary for security assistance, said, "Let me reaffirm that this administration remains committed to the security of Israel and mitted to the security of Israel and will ensure that Israel maintains its substantial military advantage

over potential adversaries."
Mr. Buckley added that "the restoration of U.S. strength and credibility in the region and progress in resolving regional disputes offer the best long-term guarantee of se-curity to Israel as well as to other states in the area wishing to remain free of Soviet pressure.

Sophisticated Equipment The five AWACS planes have radar, computer and other associated equipment that allows each of the four-engine Boeing planes to track and identify as friend or foe hundreds of aerial targets and to help direct friendly fighter aircraft into battle.

Used in conjunction with 62 F-15 fighters already on order by Saudi Arabia and equipment to improve the range and capability of the fighters, the entire package is expected to increase the strength of the now relatively feeble Saudi

said it offers "the best long-term

guarantee of security to Israel as

well as to other states in the area

wishing to remain free of Soviet

Administration's Approach

The administration's approach

is based on the premise that the

Saudis will remain pro-Western and militarily so inferior to Israel

that they will not risk using their

expensive American equipment

The Israelis regard this view as

against the Israelis.

ing air defense of the Saudi oil fields after four U.S. AWACS planes leave that country in late 1985 or early 1986.

At a news briefing an array of high-ranking government officials discussed details of the complex proposal. One official said that Congress would be informed later of "some agreement about the area in which the aircraft is authorized to operate."

However, a senior official repeatedly refused to amplify this statement, saying that the adminis-tration did not wish to reveal any details of the agreement with the Saudi government until Congress had been informed of it.

The official also declined to answer a question as to whether the "restriction" involving the "area of operations for the AWACS' planes specifically involved any re-striction on its use within Saudi air space. Other officials, Saudi sources and informed congressional sources had in recent days said the Saudis had not and could not be expected to accept operational re-strictions within their own borders. One official Monday called a New York Times story to this effect published Sunday "uninformed."

The Israeli Embassy later Monday afternoon issued a statement saying. "The position of Israel is well-known. Israel considers the sale of AWACS planes to Saudia Arabia a danger to its security and to the military balance in the

Mr. Buckley outlined a parlia-mentary timetable for what may evolve into a major, and politically hazardous, debate over Middle East policy.

Although the written proposal was technically submitted Monday, Congress is in recess. This date was chosen not only to avoid making the submission on Sept. 9. when Congress will return, but also when Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin will be in Wash-

After 20 days of informal notice, Mr. Buckley said, the administra-tion intended to give a statutory 30-day notice on Oct. 1, meaning

Solidarity Seeks Direct Control Over TV Coverage of Congress

WARSAW - Leaders of the Solidarity independent trade union demanded Tuesday that they be given editorial control over television coverage of their first con-

The Polish government later accused Solidarity of increasing tension in the country, Renters reported from Warsaw. The statement from the Council of Ministers [Cabinet] said the political climate had deteriorated in recent days. "This was directly the result of irresponsible action by a succession of Solidarity branches," the government said.

The independent union is to begin negotiating with government officials later this week on winning direct access to the state-run television, radio and newspapers. It staged a two-day strike last week that virtually silenced the Commu-

nist press.

Meanwhile, Solidarity leaders in the industrial city of Radom halted the city's buses for one hour to protest alleged government inaction over a list of grievances stemming from the city's 1976 food riots.

kilometers (60 miles) south of Warsaw, declared the country of success, with only 10 of 130 busses running and warned of further warning strikes Friday unless the government participated in talks.

Strike Delayed

The union had delayed the strike from the morning until the afternoon to thwart a government plan to place non-Solidarity driv-ers on the morning shift, officials said. The strikers are demanding compensation for persons injured or sacked from their jobs because of the riots.

Union officials appeared to be making a test case out of media coverage of their own congress. which is scheduled to run Sept. 5-8 and then open again from Sept. 26 to Oct. 1.

We do not want to interfere with the technical side but we want to be allowed to authorize the editorial output," the union's congress press chief, Marck Podgorczyk, said after a meeting of the Solidarity national executive in Gdansk Solidarity spokesman Janusz

Onyszkiewicz said he hoped to epen talks with the government on mass media issues on Thursday. Mr. Onyszkiewicz said the independent union had done all it could to calm tensions in the country by calling for restraint and for work on free Saturdays but the government had responded with a

of engaging in espionage activity and charged Western embassies with supporting spies.
"Solidarity must have access to

tacks," he said.

way to provide social calm for the spokesman said

ed to its questions on the transmis-

television said the union "threat-ened protest action" if its chief, ing them in total might not be Wladyslaw Lranc, did not agree to good for the union's image."

he said.

Communist Party congress last

heated propaganda campaign the transmission, so he called off against the union. One article published Monday accused the union "There was a pistol directed against us from Solidarity and we couldn't act under such pressure,"

The source said, however, that the media to respond to these at- he was optimistic that transmisacks," he said. sion would be agreed upon but that no date had been set for discussions on the matter.

A spokesman for the Warsaw month and it expected the party to chapter of Solidarity said the undo the same for Solidarity, the ion was interested in 15- to 20minute daily television reports of Union officials said state-run the congress, but with its own reporter doing the commentary. He ed to its questions on the transmissaid he did not think the union would push for live transmission sion of the congress.

An executive source at Polish of the congress since the debates of the congress.

INSIDE

World Hunger

Despite warnings in the early 1970s that the world's foodmeat. Page 5.

Soviet Crime

Operating under the supervision of Communist ideologists, Soviet newspapers rarely report violent crime. They take pride in their upbeat approach to domestic news and an aversion to sensation. But a recent murder case in Lvov is an exception. Page 2.

Libyan Official Suggests Russia Could Be Offered Military Bases

should support the sale.

New York Times Service ROME - The Libyan embassy here raised the possibility Tuesday that the Soviet Union may be granted military facilities in Libya to counter U.S. "arrogance" in the At a news conference, the em-

bassy's spokesman, Ali Ativa, also referred to other possible reprisals, which he did not specify, for last week's aerial battle over the disputed Gulf of Sidra, in which U.S. Navy F-14 Tomcat planes shot down two Libyan air force Su-22s after the the Soviet-built Sukhoi fighters fired at them.

leader, said: "An end has to be put to American arrogance, even at the cost of a new war exploding." Libya maintains that one U.S. plane was brought down in the

doglight on Aug. 19, a claim that Washington strenuously denies. people's committees decide it, they could be accepted to defend our freedom and nobody can forbid."

The people's committees are the institutions by which Col. Qadhafi links with the Soviet Union. institutions by which Col. Qadhafi is pursuing his avowed aim of establishing a "state of the masses"

Italy decided earlier this month to permit the establishment of a nuclear missile base for NATO at Comiso in southern Sicily.

Mr. Atiya said: "If there is a
U.S. base — because NATO is the

same thing — in southern Sicily, nobody can forbid the Warsaw Pact from having a base confront-

From Agency Disputche

MOGADISHU, Somalia — Somalia on Tuesday ordered the Libyan embassy in Mogadishu to close within 48 hours, saying Col. Qadhafi's government endangered the unity and independence of the The announcement of the clo-

sure followed the conclusion of a tripartite alliance last week between Libya, Southern Yemen and

French Toll Collector Slain The Associated Press

PARIS — A French highway toll collector was robbed and killed early Monday near his toll booth at Meaux, 40 kilometers (25 miles) east of Paris. Police said it was the first such crime since France inaugurated its national highway system 25 years ago.

The three countries are the most militant Marxist states in the tense Horn of Africa. Somalia swung to the west in 1977 following the Soviet Union's support of Ethiopia during the war for the control of the long-disputed Ogaden region

between Somalia and Ethiopia. A Somali Foreign Ministry statement said: "It has become a necessity to cut diplomatic relations with Libya while Qadhafi's government directly or indirectly endangers the unity and independence of the Somali Democratic Republic. Somalia does not see the reason why Col. Qadhafi took these measures, but it is clear that he is driven by an outside force." The reference to an "outside force" was a clear accusation of Soviet involvement, according to

diplomats here.

Libya has been frequently accused of backing Ethiopianbased Somali dissident groups intent on overthrowing the 12-year-old government of Mohammed Siad Barre.

The Foreign Ministry de-nounced the decisions made at the Aden meeting last week as an "agreement of aggression toward Somalia." It said that Col. Qadhafi's moves have been "a betrayal to all Moslem countries in general and the Arab world in particular," in an obvious appeal for the support of more conservative

U.S. Sees Sale as Basis of Mideast Security The argument, as advanced pri-ately and at an elaborate press ately and at an elaborate press partment's undersecretary for se-they have to assume that the Saudi curity assistance, said Monday that the proposed sale of the Airroyal family could meet the same fate as the shah of Iran and that the AWACS planes and other adborne Warning and Control Sysvanced equipment could fall into tem planes "is a cornerstone" of more incautious and radical Arab President Reagan's policy that will restore American "strength and credibility" in the Middle East. He

Israel's supporters on Capitol Hill, in fact, say the proposed \$8.5-billion arms sale would jeopardize Middle East stability and

Israel's security. The administration contends that the Israel supporters are not looking at the situation with enough sophistication. The White House's strategic argument, how-ever, has not been helped by the Saudis' recent public declarations that Israel presents more of a threat to the region than the Soviet

With small majorities in the Senate and the House currently on record against the sale, the administration is likely to rely on more than the strategic argument to win votes, particularly in the Republi-can-dominated Senate. Mr. Reagan has promised to do what is necessary, and the White House believes that it will be easier to win support on the AWACS vote than it was on some of the economic issues on which Mr. Reagan prevailed. Presidents are rarely defeated on foreign policy matters.

Begin's Visit

The administration will argue that the Saudis have helped American interests by keeping oil prices down and by helping to bring about a cease-fire in Lebanon. Failure to approve the AWACS sale would discredit those Saudis who have espoused these "moderate" positions, officials contend.

For Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government, the AWACS issue presents major problems. Mr. Begin visits Washington on Sept. 8 for his first meeting with Mr. Reagan. He must decide how strongly to campaign against the projected deal.

if Israel campaigns hard and convinces a majority of Congress to turn down the AWACS deal, it runs the risk of provoking the anger of a president who has been a major supporter of Israel. However, if Israel pursues the issue and loses, its ability to influence members of Congress in the future might be jeopardized.

Administration officials say they will urge Mr. Begin and his top military and diplomatic advisers to temper their opposition to the AWACS sale, and thus avoid an open dispute between Israel and the United States that would serve neither country's interests.

Pinto Balsemão Asked To Form 2d Coalition Prom Agency Dispatches LISBON — President Antonio Ramalho Eanes on Tuesday desig-

nated Social Democratic Party leader Francisco Pinto Balsemão to form his second coalition gov-emment in eight months. The lawyer and former newspa-

per editor resigned as premier on Aug. 10 because of mounting criticism from the right wing of his party and its Christian Democratic Party (CDS) coalition partners, but later agreed to form a new government, Portugal's eighth government since parliamentary democracy was restored in 1976. Mr. Pinto Balsemão's formal appointment as premier will take place when he has completed the formation of a new Cabinet. Ac-

cording to the Portuguese constitu-

tion, he will then have 10 days in

which to present his government's

program to parliament. Refusal to Join

Outgoing Social Democratic Justice Minister José Meneres Pimental said the new Cabinet would be drawn up by the first week of September and Social Democrats and Christian Democrats would maintain their previous two-to-one ratio of ministries. The tiny Monarchist Party, the third partner in the Democratic Alliance coalition that won a parliamentary majority and four-year

mandate in elections last October,

was also expected to gain one min-

Christian Democratic leader Diego Freitas do Amaral refused to join Mr. Pinto Balsemão's first government eight months ago but has agreed to become deputy premier in his new Cabinet.

Under the ruling three-party co-alition, Mr. Pinto Balsemão's Social Democrats held nine posts in the old government, the Christian Democrats had five and Monarchists one. Two independents also served in the government before Mr. Pinto Balsemão brought it down by resigning because of dissent in his party.

The ruling alliance of Social Democrats, Christian Democrats and Monarchists has an 18-seat majority in parliament and general elections are not due until 1984. However, the Democratic Alliance has suffered from lack of strong leadership since its founder, Francisco Sá Carnerio, died in an air crash last December. President Eanes said last week

that he would call early elections if

continued internal dissension in the coalition led to its eventual break-up. The new government's first task will be to tackle Portugal's worsening economic situation. Inflation has risen to 17.8 percent, past the government's 1981 target of 16 percent. A Finance Ministry report Tuesday forecast that Portugal's exports to its main European trading partners would drop by up to 5

percent this year.

Neutron Bomb

Two weeks after President Reagan's decision to produce the neutron warhead, Chancellor Helmut Schmidt says that "under certain conditions" the weapon could be stationed on West German soil. Page 2.

Priest's Murder

An American priest killed in Guatemala July 28 died resisting kidnappers, not in a rob-bery as the Guatemalan government has claimed, sources say, adding that the circum-stances indicate that the killers may have been a right-wing as-sassination squad. Page 3.

producing capacity could not sustain an American-style diet, people all through the developing world are using their rising incomes to purchase more

Somalian Orders Embassy Shut Mr. Atiya, echoing threats by Col. Moarner Qadhafi, the Libyan

Apparently referring to this version of events, Mr. Ativa said: "Our wish is that the United States has learned the lesson. If they have not understood it, we have other means of teaching it in the future." He did not elaborate on what Jesson lie had in mind. He was asked if Libya would permit the Soviet Union to establish bases on its soil, a step it has previously not taken. He replied: "No Soviet bases exist in Libya now, but if the

Bani-Sadr Outlines His Scenario For Fall of Khomeini's Regime

By Richard Eder

New York Times Service AUVERS-SUR-OISE, France — In a blue pavilion set up in a riverside garden, Iran's deposed presi-dent, Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, foretold how his followers might bring down the regime of the Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

"If tonight five men were killed — Rajai, Bahonar, Rafsanjani, Ardebili and Kiani — the govern-ment would collapse," he said, re-ferring to the leading figures among the Islamic hard-liners who

Sunday was sunny and strollers detoured around the large em-placement of armed policemen that guarded the approaches to the bungalow where, since early this month. Mr. Bani-Sadr has been

Until 10 days ago, the role of the police was not only to protect the former Iranian leader, who arrived in France in a hijacked Iranian Air Force plane, but to keep out the press. Mr. Bani-Sadr bad signed a pledge to avoid political declarations, and the French government, which was trying to extricate its citizens from Iran, was doing its best to see he kept it.

The French are now safely back, and the government, whose rela-tions with Iran are abysmal, has quietly decided not to hem in Mr.

184 by Sunday's close of business - have visited the pavilion in this town on the right bank of the Oise. leader, dressed in an open-necked shirt, receives them at half-hour in-

Mr. Bani-Sadr has appealed to the Iranian people to overthrow the Khomeini regime. He tells interviewers that the people are mostly behind him, that the resistance is growing, and that the end

will come soon. How soon?
"It may be days, it may be months," he said. "There are no structures left, there are only a few persons who hold power together."

Mr. Bani-Sadr said he had the

support of the army and of the Mujahaddin, an armed leftist Islamic group, Massoud Rajavi, the Mujahaddin leader, flew into exile with Mr. Bani-Sadr, and gives interviews at the other end of the blue tent.

U.S. is Blamed

Like Ayatollah Khomeini, Mr. Bani-Sadr blames the United States for Iran's troubles, though on different grounds. In fact he blames the United States for Ayatollah Khomeini, for his own defeat at the hands of the extremist mullahs and for the hostage crisis.
"Did the United States not

know the consequences of taking in the shah?" he said. "There were notes from your embassy warning of the consequences, of the seizure that would take place, of the hostages. The United States counted on Khomeini's reactions to take it down the road it wished."

Mr. Bani-Sadr insisted that a religious man of Khomeini's age-Washington wished to defeat the of his stage of life, couldn't lie, radical changes that he and his supporters favored. And that it did lie.'

the hostage crisis, thus building up the extremist, dictatorial powers of the mullahs and pushing him

"I tell your people, it is a mis-take if it thinks that a strong government like Reagan's is one that intervenes in others' affairs. It is a weak government that does this. It will pay dearly for it, like Britain has paid for its imperialism."

Power of Mullahs

He pictured his own role as president as a losing struggle against the fanatical groups that Ayatoliah Khomeini eventually allowed to take over. "It was a struggle between the mullahs and the intellectuals," he said, "After the takeover of the American Embassy the mullahs began to manipulate things, and this change of power

Even before his election as president, Mr. Bani-Sadr argued against what he calls "the dictatorship of the Mullahtariat. As in the dictatorship of the proletariat." he explained. "People abroad say that I was a protege of Khomeini's. But

it was the people who elected me."
Was there anything he regretted? Two things, he said. "One is that I didn't want to break up our alliance against the shah. I should have begun resisting the mullahs six months earlier. I didn't realize how much the people were ready to listen to me."

And the other? "I imagined that, That he would resist lying. But he

Iran Reports Raids on Leftist Hideouts

BEIRUT — Iran's government forces have stormed at least 30 underground hideouts and arrested more than 276 persons belonging to leftist opposition groups, Tehran Radio reported Tuesday.

The broadcast said 30 "team houses" of the powerful leftist group, the Mujahaddin Khalq have been found in the central city of Isfahan in the past two months and part of the group's military wing uncovered. More than 100 of its members were arrested and three Mujahaddin were killed in a shootout with Revolutionary

Meanwhile, a Revolutionary Guard was shot to death and another wounded in the central province of Kerman Monday by the Mujahaddin, the radio said. It added that 176 members of the leftist Peykar, Fedayeen and the Mujahaddin have been arrested in the past few days and books, pam-phlets and tapes confiscated in the

Schmidt's reaffirmation that the

U.S. neutron weapon could be po-

sitioned on West German soil has

aroused new criticism by his own

neutron warhead. Mr. Schmidt

said on television that "under cer-

Willy Piecyk, the head of the

tain conditions" the weapon could

leftist organization of Young Soci-

alists, accused Mr. Schmidt of hav-ing "provoked the Social Demo-

cratic Party." Peter Glotz, the par-

ty's secretary, warned that "the American decision to build the

neutron weapon has caused many

Germans to doubt whether the

United States is truly willing to

(Continued from Page 1)

turn. Voyager-2 also will take close-up photographs of the moons Tethys and Eceladus.

As it moves in, it will photo-

graph the rings with the sun at its back so that the light will be illu-

minating the tops of the rings for

the spacecraft's cameras.

On its passage over the rings,
Voyager-2 will aim one of its tele-

scopic cameras at a star named

Delta Scorpii in the constellation Scorpius on the other side of the

rings and almost 990 light years away. Measuring the star's light shining through the rings will pro-

vide the best measurements yet of

the number of rings, their width and the size of the gaps between them. It should also tell scientists

if there are any small moons em-

bedded inside the rings.
"If there are moonlets inside the

rings we should see them blocking

the star's light in a much more de-

fined way than the ring material does." Project scientist Ed Stone

of the gaps between the three larg-

est rings of Saturn failed to turn

One thing that the telescopic cameras on Voyager-2 did observe Monday was the 1,100-mile-an-

hour jetstream that circles the

planet on the north and south sides of its equator, whirling

around like an interplanetary

speedway.

Four times faster than the jet-

stream observed around the equa-

tor of Jupiter, Saturn's highest

winds are blowing the tops of its

green and yellow clouds from the

The Associated Press

ing across a bridge collided head-

Magelang, killing 32 passengers

and injuring 43. police said Tues-

on near the central lava town of

JAKARTA - Two buses speed-

Indonesia Crash Kills 32

up a single embedded moonlet.

But photographs taken Monday

Voyager-2 Nearing Saturn

move toward arms control."

be deployed in West Germany.

party, the Social Democrats.

the regime. Ayatollah Ruhollah 45 Iranian prisoners of war were Khomeini told Iranians it was swapped Tuesday at Larnaca Airtheir "religious and national duty" to spy on members of their families opposed to the Islamic Repub-

accept such advice then they must be identified," he said Monday in Теһгап.

His order followed an attack earlier in the day with grenades and automatic weapon on the home of Iran's prosecutor general, Ayatoliah Rabbani Amlashi, who

opponents have been arrested since former President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr was ousted June 22, according to the media. Massoud Rajavi, the leader of the Mujahaddin Khalq and in exile in Paris, estimated that more than 7,000 members of his own group have been arrested since Mr. Bani-Sadr's ouster.

ovince. Meanwhile, the Cyprus govern-with the mounting attacks on ment announced that 40 Iraqi and

Socialist said that the United

States was "wasting no opportuni-

ty for fueling European uneasiness

Mr. Koschnick, who is the chair-

man of the party's defense com-

mittee announced that he had signed a petition circulated by his

local party board to ban the neu-

tron weapon.
Egon Bahr, a former close aide

to party leader Willy Brandt, told

a IV audience that the Americans considered Western Europe "their

west toward the east at a speed

that almost defies the laws of phys-

zones on either side of the jet-

stream that we see on Earth," Dr.

Hunt said. "It's the fastest jet-

stream we've seen yet in the solar

system but it's still nothing more

port in southern Cyprus. The gov-ernment said the POW exchange had been arranged by the International Red Cross committee and was the second conducted in spring and siblings, if they do not Cyprus in five months. (Photograph, Page 2.)

Embassies Occupied

From Agency Dispatches BRUSSELS — Iranian students opposed to the Khomeini regime briefly occupied the Iranian embassies in Belgium and the Netherlands Tuesday. They were arrested by police and there were no inju-

The incidents followed an attack on the Iranian Embassy in Stockholm on Monday in which 34 students, opposing the Khomeini re-gime, held the ambassador hostage before police rescued him.

One of the 20 students who invaded the embassy in Brussels said the group were supporters of Mr.

with the East, Mr. Bahr had ex-

pressed his opposition to the neu-

tron warhead in 1978 when he

Iran against separate negotiations with Afghanistan. Pakistan Is Silent

Reuses

NEW DELHI — Afghanistan
has dropped its insistence on holding separate talks with Pakistan
and Iran and has instead offered

to meet with them together under

United Nations supervision, according to Kabul radio.

In a broadcast Monday night, Kabul radio quoted the Afghan

government as saying it was pre-pared to hold talks with Iran and

Pakistan in the presence of the United Nations secretary-general,

Kurt Waldheim, or his representa-

The Kabul proposal was appar-

ently timed to coincide with the

start of a three-day visit to Paki-stan by Deputy Premier Nikolai Firyubin of the Soviet Union, the

first senior Soviet official to visit

Pakistan since Moscow's military

intervention in Afghanistan in

Moscow Criticized

Speaking at a luncheon for Mr. Firyubin Tuesday, Foreign Minis-ter Agha Shahi of Pakistan indi-rectly criticized Moscow for its be-

havior in Afghanistan. Mr. Shahi

said Pakistan would not compro-

mise its opposition to the subjec-

tion of small nonaligned countries.

Shahi's remarks showed that Paki-

stan would not accept talks with Afghanistan while Kabul insisted

President Babrak Karmal. The Ka-

for talks appeared designed to meet objections by Pakistan and

backed government of

Western diplomats said Mr.

recognition of the Soviet-

government's latest proposal

silent on the new offer and gave no toms papers were incomplete and BONN — Chancellor Helmut Bremen and a middle-of-the-road Brandt's policy of seeking detente details on Mr. Firyubin's discus- would have to be filled out before

"We are not even saying no comment," a Foreign Ministry spokesman said.

To Hold Up Wine BRUSSELS - France has told the Common Market Commission

France Continues

Iranian prisoners of war are carried on stretchers by Cypriot airport employees during an

exchange Tuesday of 45 Iranians for 40 Iraqi captives of the Gulf war. Details, page 1.

A senior Pakistani official said

his first reaction to the new pro-

posal was that it was a "dressed

The Afghan proposal follows a recent visit to Islamabad and Ka-

bul by a United Nations official,

Javier Perez de Cuellar, who was

trying to persuade Pakistan and

Afghanistan to open negotiations

that could pave the way for a with-

(Continued from Page 1)

armed act occurs against a mem-ber of the United Nations."

The Angolan president said in

his telegram that more than 45,000

South African troops, mercenaries

and armed Angolan dissidents are

massed on the Namibia-Angola border with the aim of occupying

Angolan territory. He said it was a

grave provocation which seriously

compromised peace in the area, as

well as international security.

up" version of previous offers.

Afghanistan Reports It's Willing to Talk

To Iran and Pakistan at the Same Time

it will continue to block Italian wine held up at the Mediterranean port of Sete, commission sources said Tuesday.

They said a note received from The Pakistan government kept the French government said custhe wine could enter France. Italian officials said the French appeared to be using deliberate goslow tactics to hold up the cargo.

Administration to Proceed With Saudi Arms Proposal

(Continued from Page 1) sell six KC707 four-engine tanker both Houses of Congress would have to veto the sale by Oct. 30 to with an option for two more; ad-

Mr. Buckley sounded a theme that is likely to become the major argument by the administration, saying "The president believes that this sale is essential to the protection of vital U.S. interests." Conversely, officials said, members of Congress will be warned of "stark and damaging" consequences of rejecting Mr. Reagan and of-fending Saudi Arabia, which produces so much of the world's crude

The overall sale includes not only the five AWACS aircraft, but also 22 ground radar stations, 10 of them equipped to receive and relay a stream of combat informa-

vanced air-to-air missiles for the F-15 fighters, and a type of fuel tank for those fighters that extends their range. A very large order of assort-ed spare parts is included.

Another major argument was sounded Monday when the offi-cials asserted that if Congress vetoed the AWACS planes sale the Saudis would be likely to purchase a British radar and early warning aircraft known as Nimrod and,

a formal military alliance or the long-term basing of U.S. forces there, the administration's paper said the sale would lay the ton from the AWACS planes. The groundwork for greater overall administration also proposes to U.S.-Saudi defense cooperation."

corate his apartment, to make it comfortable, and cold hatred per-vaded him," the newspaper said.

Ever the thoughtful host. Dr. Melnik reportedly told police that he "cut some bread, put some meat on the table, and some cucumbers. They were received like guests." He reportedly added that he decided to do away with his wife "as we take a small statue from the table,

per, saw it differently. There was no mention of his defense, if any. The doctor himself was "extremely dangerous," the newspaper said, a case of consumerism gone wild.

Talks on Western Sahara Make Little Progress

WORLD NEWS BRIEF

NAIROBI - Talks aimed at ending the five-year war in the Wes Sahara showed little progress Tuesday with the positions of the winter parties, Morocco and the Polisano guerrilla front, wide apart delega-

Both King Hassan II of Morocco and the Polisario welcomed posed referendum on the territory's future at a special meeting of organization of African Unity here, but were sharply divided over it should be carried out, they said.

King Hassan said that Morocco, which administers the Western ra, was "ready, when the OAU is ready, to organize a peaceful for and unequivocal referendum." But Moroccan officials made dear h Morocco would not consider withdrawing its troops before the referendum, as the Polisario and its main backer, Algeria, have demanded:

Sri Lanka Decrees Executions in Arms Cass

COLOMBO. Sri Lanka - Sri Lanka, in an attempt to halt one violence. Tuesday introduced the death penalty for unlawful possand transport of weapons and explosives. A communique said the regulation took effect under legislation came into force when President Junius Jayewardene declared 24 emergency Aug. 17.

The communique said the new regulation, which provides for the death penalty or life imprisonment, applied only to feet limits speaking areas. The action follows three weeks of violence bearing island's majority Simhalese and the minority Tamil community which 10 persons have been killed and almost 400 arrested.

A Sea-Law Treaty Is Promised by the Spring

GENEVA - The chairman of the United Nations Law of the Conference said Tuesday that a treaty would be adopted next that

regardless of objections by the United States.

The chairman, Tommy T.B. Koh of Singapore, said be believed the United States would decide in the end that it was in its was interests to approve the treaty. Final work on the document has in had greatly improved after Mr. Perez de Cuellar's visits. Afghan leaders have accused highly profitable issue of sea-bed mining for minerals.

Mr. Koh said that the likely consequences of a treaty said that both Iran and Pakistan of allowing

United States would be that American mining interests as "sucked away" by European and Japanese companies in flag-of-o ience operations.

Droughts, Floods Dim Outlook for Cambodia

BANGKOK — Droughts and floods have ruined Cambedian concrushing hopes of taking the nation off the world famine list, a Wester diplomat said Tuesday.

The rainy season came early this year and ended early," mit Western diplomat who is a veteran Indochina observer. "It wiped an a hopes of taking Cambodia off international relief."

Cambodia's official news agency reported "many regions have be hit by drought while others are submerged by rains," wiping our in corn and banana crops in the country's four most heavily permits provinces. The United Nations expected international aid and the country's ation of harsh administration to take Cambodia off the familie list by

U.S. Researchers Say New Process Safely Detoxifies Hazardous PCBs

PHILADELPHIA - A research institute has announced that it has developed a method of detoxifying PCBs, a hazardous chemical, by breaking them down into harmless

biodegradable substances.

PCBs, or polychlorinated biphenyls, are highly toxic. Because of their very stable makeup, they are not naturally degradable and disposal is a serious problem.

According to Dr. Steve Osborn
of the Franklin Institute Research

tween South African and Cuban According to Western estimates there are between 14,000 and Laboratory inc., the new process breaks down PCBs with modified 19,000 Cuban troops stationed in sodium salts and nontoxic po-Angola, which says they will re-main as long as the attacks contin-tion takes place at moderate temperatures, results in a safe biode-Warning of a major operation gradable product and can be per-as given earlier this month by the formed at the site of the PCB was given earlier this month by the South African commander in contamination, he said.

Namibia, Gen. Charles Lloyd. He PCBs are found in fluorescent

said his country's forces were preparing for a more serious war paints, weed killers and many against SWAPO's bases in south- other products. The Environmenagainst SWAPO's bases in Soundary protection Agency has banned the manufacture of PCBs and has set a timetable for phasing out most uses of the chemical by 1984. testing of several other medica for treating PCBs. Dr Oshorn said the Franklin

stitute has started a yearlong te of the detoxification precess a PCB-contaminated soil at a sast site in Coventry, R.I. He said the tests will begin when EPA appear

California to Rescue Imperiled Desert Fig. The Associated Press

EL CENTRO, Calif. - 4 a elaborate rescue mission, Calin-nia is hoping to save at least alleof 5,000 tiny desert pupils, and have survived 20,000 years of a tion in desert creeks and ponds.

The Department of Fish and Game hopes to save at feat ale the shrinking San Felipe Creek -Youth Conservation Corps on will clean out a pond about 6. will clean out a portunites away in the Anza-Bourn Desert State Park, and the profess. officially Cypribodon mace

will be moved there Sept. 16-18.

Islamic Fundamentalist Movement Poses A Growing Political Challenge to Sadat

By Loren Jenkins

rebels opposed to the Marxist gov-

attacks on Afghanistan.

drawal of Soviet troops.

Asian diplomats in New Delhi said the prospects for such talks

Afghanistan has said that the legitimacy of the Kabul government should not be questioned.

Angola Reports Incursion

By South African Forces

ernment to use their territories for

Iran and Pakistan have refused

Afghanistan has said that the le-

Earlier this month, South Afri-

can military sources said Cuban

and East German technicians were

installing anti-aircraft missiles at Lubango, 200 kilometers (125 miles) north of the Namibian bor-

der, and they were at the same

time upgrading port facilities at nearby Mocamedes for landing

Free Rein for Jets

South African jets have ranged

freely across the frontier to strike

at targets deep inside Angola.

The sources also said they believe up to 10,000 Cubans are con-

centrating in the south, having pre-

viously kept well away from the sensitive border area. If the opera-

tion reaches the proportions of an invasion, as Angola alleges, it could lead to a direct clash be-

ue by South Africa.

heavy armor.

to recognize the Karmal govern-

ment, saying recognition would legitimize Moscow's intervention.

Washington Past Service
CAIRO — When the Moslem holy days of Ramadan ended early this month, a crowd of at least 100,000 joyous believers turned out for a prayer session in front of President Anwar Sadat's Abdin Palace, hailing the end of their

Above the throng of worshipers rose the usual banners proclaiming the glory of the prophet Mohammed and quoting verses from the Koran

The messages borne by the have pleased Mr. Sadat. Many of the green and white

banners bore Koranic quotations selected for their criticism of the Egyptian president's policies, testi-fying to the growing Islamic fun-damentalist movement challenging Mr. Sadat's 11-year rule.

ligious sectarianism in Egypt, threatening the country's Coptic Christian minority.

Leaflets Were Even Stronger

The leaflets said that Egypt had

become a nation "without creed or vocation" where individual egoism, devoid of national and Islamic purpose, aimed only at satisfying "vile instincts and amass-ing wealth by any means."

represented one more challenge by the Islamic fundamentalists to Mr. Sadat's policy that he would brook

"no politics in religion and no religion in politics."

These militant though amorphously structured Islamic Associ-

universities and colleges in recent years to defy Mr. Sadat. Their goal is transformation of secular Egyptian society into that of an orthodox Islamic republic where the laws of the Koran would dictate the morals and government of

with political challenges. But the fundamentalist movement, which is generally conceded to constitute Egypt's largest opposition, has put him in a quandary and forced him to tread with uncharacteristic gen-

Sadat Reacts Cantionsly

against the fundamentalists. "A people such as ours, with all

A people such as ours, with all its misery, needs an ideology that is emotionally satisfying, capable of giving solace and justification for existence," said Ali Dessouki, a political scientist from Cairo University who is the political scienti versity who in the early 1970's first predicted Islamic revivalism "Peo-ple need something that offers them hope for tomorrow, especially in a country where hope is so

dat has simply failed to produce anything that could counter it." The signs are inescapable of

women in the Arab world, are in creasingly seen covering heads with scarves and wante iong gowns: Prohibition Is Imposed

Mr. Sadat has sought accounts dation. For example, Probabilities has been imposed in most data and provinces outside the next haunts of Western tourists, when money Ferry needs

two years overwhelmingly control of student councils at ince Egyptian universities, only to have nervous academic officials cannot the elections on technicalities.

Since 1979, they have been volved in dozens of university not that have resulted in deaths, supries and hundreds of arrests:

been anger and frustration. He has flooded the campuses with some police. But he has not been ables out he has not been ables. curb their spread from the mixed sities into urban communities.

Egyptian and Western may believe the groups do not be overall coordination or organization at a national level. The State of a national level and the Islamic Associations in the large of a national level of a national level. hampered by the lack of a manifeleader to galvanize the movement into a serious force.

But it is clear that the fands mentalist militants spell trushed for Mr. Sadat. Their pronounces ments have deeply disturbed Egypt's five million Copis self

The increased Copie Mose tension in the last year, included riots in a suburb of Caintilland

overthrew him as president.

living and calling for the over-throw of those who overthrew him.

A steady stream of journalists -

"[People] must counsel their off-

escaped without injury.

More than 4,000 government

SDP Assails Schmidt Over Neutron Arm Hans Koschnick, mayor of One of the co-authors of Mr.

about its foreign policy." There called it "a perversion of human arry, the Social Democrats. was reason for concern, he added, Two weeks after President that the issue of U.S. arms policy thinking."
Mr. Brandt himself was reported Reagan's decision to produce the and the decision to produce the by the news magazine Der Spiegel neutron weapon "may spark antito have suffered a rebuff when he American feelings in Europe much called on President Francois Mitas did the Vietnam War in the terrand of France last week to find

support for his party's widespread opposition to U.S. rearmament. According to the report, Mr. Brandt told Mr. Mitterrand that the Germans were concerned over the arsenal amassed on their soil under another country's control and over "being treated like a colony by the United States." Mr. Mitterrand reportedly shrugged his shoulders and replied, "those are the consequences of World

PEKING (Reuters) - China voiced support for deployment of the U.S. neutron arm in Western Europe, which it described as the ideal weapon to counter Soviet ar-

"We see the classic low pressure mored superiority.

a despatch from Brussels: "Everyone knows that there is a striking gap in the balance of power be-

China Backs Neutron Arm

The Chinese news agency said in

possibly, French jet fighters. Acknowledging that the Sandi government would not now permit

than a classic jetstream." 'Greed' Is Blamed in Russian Murder Case

By Robert Gillette

Los Angeles Times Service

MOSCOW — Anatoly Melnik, a medical researcher in the city of Lvov, was a talented doctor, an upstanding Soviet citizen who "al-ways said the right thing" at political meetings, a good family man. Or so it seemed until one evening last February when Dr. Melnik staggered to the door of a neighboring apartment drenched in blood from a stab wound.

Dr. Melnik's wife, Tatyana, lay dead on the floor of their threeroom apartment. The neighbor, who followed the wounded doctor back to his apartment found her "I followed him," the neighbor said. "He bent over his wife and

murmured, 'For what have you been punished so?" But she did not

'Beloved' Apartment

The following day, according to a lengthy and unusually lurid story in the newspaper Socialist Indus-try, Dr. Melnik told police from his hospital bed that four men had demanded to see his wife, then killed her and stabbed him in front of their 5-year-old daughter Olga. The newspaper did not disclose the

age of Dr. Melnik or his wife. Three days later, when police amounts of money for prestige goods that are frequently available seized four suspects — "scoungoods that are frequently available drels" and drunken drifters, the only on the black market at huge newspaper called them — the story prices.

became more complex. The four confessed to the crime but said that Dr. Melnik had hired them to kill his wife and stab him to divert suspicion — all to avoid losing his furnishings and his "beloved" three-room apartment in a divorce settlement.

Dr. Melnik was said to have paid the four men 45 rubles (\$60); for their services. Operating under the close supervision of Communist Party ideologists, Soviet newspapers rarely re-port violent crimes or even accidental deaths — and they pride themselves on their generally

upbeat approach to domestic news and aversion to sensation.

But Socialist Industry made an exception of the Melnik case, evidently because it coincided with the role of moral instructor the party has assigned to the press.
Simple greed drove Dr. Melnik

to arrange his wife's murder, the newspaper said. That appeared to be part of a continuing campaign in the press against acquiring cars, iewelry, crystal glassware, more spacious apartments and other trappings of bourgeois material-Those items are in chronically

short supply in the Soviet Union.

In the face of pervasive scarcity,

consumers often save up large

In recent months, the press has denounced such fads as wearing gold chains worth hundreds of rubles and the unrestrained passion among youth for designer jeans and other Western status symbols.

Singling out the doctor from Lvov as an extreme case of con-sumerism, Socialist Industry portrayed him as a miser whose fust for fine furnishings, a good apart-ment and a car pushed him across the boundary "behind which the boundary "behind which wealth ends and poverty — spiritual poverty --- begins."

Dr. Melnik was said to have kept a little black book in which he meticulously recorded every purchase he made, including items of furniture, a loaf of bread, a glass of beer, a trolley ticket and an 18-ko-peck (24-cent) bag of candy for his daughter. He gave his wife only 20 to 40 rubles a month for processes, while he dreamed of buying a car — an investment, although the newspaper did not say so, equal to two or three years of his salary of 350 rubles a month at the Lvov Medical Institute. He also tape-re-

"He is greedy," the prosecutor said of Dr. Melnik When his wife suddenly asked him for a divorce, Dr. Melnik drew up a paper dividing their belongings, including the vacuum cleaner. But when his wife refused to go

corded quarrels with his wife and

played them back to her.

live with her mother and demanded instead that they trade their three-room apartment for two smaller ones, it was too much.

'Received Like Guests' "He had done so much to de-

On the day of the murder, Feb. 3, Dr. Melnik was said to have told the police, he invited the four men into his apartment to await his wife. An expert on anatomy, he took care to instruct one of the men on where and how deeply to stab him as part of the cover-up.

like a thing we don't need any-But the court, and the newspa-

Dr. Melnik and two of the four men he was accused of hiring to

crowds, however, were not just religious. There was also a strong though carefully modulated political undercurrent that could hardly

None of the banners was more specific than one saying: "Be-lievers do not take the Jews and Christians as friends." In this single sentence it criticized Mr. Sadat's policy of seeking peace with Israel and fanned the flames of re-

But the political messages of the Koranic banners were not nearly so strong as leaflets circulated through the crowds by young Moslem activists from the Gamaar Islamiya, or Islamic Associations, that are proliferating across this impoverished and overpopulated

In a country where political opposition is not tolerated those were strong words. They also ations have spread from Egypt's 17

Egypt's 43 million people.

Mr. Sadat has not dealt delicate-

Isolated politically in the Arab world because he signed the Camp David peace accords with Israel, vilified by the Islamic fundamentalist government of Libya's leader Col. Moamer Qudhafi on his western border, and desperately seeking to re-establish his once-lucra-tive relations with Saudi Arabia's orthodox Moslem rulers, Mr. Sadat has acted with great caution

scarce."
"Islam has gained so much here
"Islam has gained so much here because of the weakness of its adversary," Mr. Dessouhi says. "Sa-

Egypt's religious revivalism, which received a new boost with the rise of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's brand of fundamentalism in Iran Mosque attendance is way up. Reed prayer mats have become a common sight in the hallways of modern office buildings at prayer times, and Western diplomats have noted that many of their Egyptian because of their angry of th

acquaintances who used to take coholic refreshments have become teetotalers. Egyptian women, who traditionally have worn sor Western dress than any sor

money Egypt needs. But the cutting edge of the the valism remains the Islamic Associations. Organized as loosely start tured social-welfare clubs at loosely start. the faculty and student levels the Islamic Associations in the

Mr. Sadat's response to this has

ing ingrained Christian nightness of the kind of treatment they look occasionally during the the Manie

approximately 70 desding blamed by some on the Islam



WARM WELCOME — Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter met with Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang Tuesday in Peking's Hall of Purple Light. Mr. Carter, whose administration established full diplomatic relations with China, arrived on Monday for a 10-day visit.

U.S. Role in Supporting Regime Alienates S. Korea's Dissidents

models of democracy.

By Henry Scott Stokes New York Times Service

SEOUL - The 11 women, wives r mothers of political prisoners, ad camped out in the office of the tev. Kim So Young, head of the rotestant National Council of hurches in Korea, one afternoon

"Release all the prisoners of onscience," read a hoge banner. The Kim Dae Jung case is totally abricated," read another slogan.
The women made their demon-

tration to seek relief for about 340 solitical prisoners in South Korea. They complained, too, of the fail-ire of the United States, as the upporter of President Chun Doo Iwan, to obtain respect for human ights in South Korea.

Now for the first time there is open anti-American feeling among dissidents here. It has not gotten to the stage where it is reflected in the slogans; but in conversation, dissilents — especially relatives of political prisoners such as these wom-en — came straight to the point.

Took Military's Side

Their main contention was that the United States took the side of the military junta that seized power in May last year under Mr. Chun, then a lientenant general in the army controlling military and civilian secret services.

The army's move, coupled with brutality by paratroopers which was witnessed by Americans as well as Koreans, sparked violence in Kwangju, a provincial city about 120 miles (200 kilometers) from Seoul. The city was a strong-hold of opposition leader Kim Dae Jung, whose arrest helped to create

tension in Kwangju.

According to Korean government reports, 189 died in the fighting that followed. But Western of ficials put the toll as high as 300. The rebellion went down as the worst violence in South Korea since the end of the Korean War in 1953.

Dissidents complain that the United States played a crucial role in putting down the violence at Kwangju. U.S. commanding Gen. John A. Wickham released South Korean units under his control to go to Kwangju, and they bore the brunt of the action after paratroopers were withdrawn.

The armored units were equipped with heavy M-60 tanks from the United States. Troops carried M-16 rifles made in Korea under license or imported from the United States. Even their belts were marked with "U.S." signs, as surplus U.S. supplies.

Institute Burned

The first sign of violent resentment of the U.S. role, months after President Chun was maugurated a year ago, was the burning of the American Cultural Institute in Kwangju last December. Its library was burned by students, and the damage inflicted was estimated at tens of thousands of dollars.

The rare case of destruction of U.S. property --- no one was hurt and the students were arrested appeared to be an isolated inci-dent. But the feelings that sparked off the arson are evidently shared by Christian dissidents, who previ-ously considered the United States the guarantor of human rights in South Korea and a source of moral

"People in Korea believed that Americans are angels," said an eld-erly woman at the church office.

Recaptured Spy Refusing to Eat

SEATTLE - Christopher J. Boyce, an American who spied for the Soviet Union and then escaped from prison, has refused to eat since his rearrest, jail officials said. Sentenced to 40 years in prison

in 1977 for selling secrets about U.S. reconnaissance satellites, he escaped and was captured by United States marshals Friday night af-

ter a 19-month search.

He was arraigned Monday on a charge of escaping from a federal prison. The officials said that if necessary they would obtain a court order forcing him to be led intravenously.

8 Killed in Sydney Blaze

United Press International SYDNEY - Eight persons died Tuesday, at least one jumping to his death, in a fire at a four-story residential hotel in the center of Sydney's night life district, police We believed in Americans as

"But suddenly your image changed overnight. We could see a demonic aspect. You were Satan all of a sudden. Now there is hatred and fear among people in

A political prisoner's wife, pres- Plane-Based MX ent at the demonstration in the church office, summed up the feelings of people in Kwangju this way: "The whole of the responsibility lies on the U.S. military.

Tgnoring the Small

"Korean people think that U.S. government policy toward Korea depends on an American concept self-interest. You are ignoring the small, weak people at the heart

of Korean society."

No doubt some dissidents exag-No doubt some dissidents exag-gerate the feelings of ordinary Koreans. "As to those not aware of the full picture, they feel rather indifferent," said a U.S. educated Korean professor. "They don't

care about American policy."

Dissidents are only a handful of the population. During the rule of the late Park Chung Hee from 1961 to 1979, the role of underground opposition — the core of the dissident movement — was filled by perhaps only 2,000 priests, scholars, student leaders and Christian labor activists, most

But they proved influential far

Bill Coleman, Jazz Trumpeter, Dies in France

From Agency Dispatches TOULOUSE, France - Bill Coleman, 77, the American jazz trumpeter who played with Sidney Bechet, Billie Holiday, Django Reinhardt and Coleman Hawkins, died Monday at a hospital here of cardiac and respiratory ailments.

Born in Paris, Ky., in 1904 William Johnson Coleman went to New York, where he played with Benny Carter, Charlie Johnson. His reputation took off in 1934 with a recording of "Dream Man" made with Fats Waller on a trip to

He moved to France in 1948, de-scribing himself to an interviewer as "one of numerous black musicians here as refugees from segregation." In addition to trumpet renditions he was known for vocal interpretations of classic spirituals such as "Down by the Riverside,"
"Jericho" and "When the Saints Go Marching In."

Paul Mathias Padua

TEGERNSEE, West_Germany (UPI) — Paul Mathias Padua, 77, a painter who won fame in Nazi Germany for his portrait of Hitler, titled "The Fuehrer Speaks," died Saturday, his family said Monday.

During the Nazi years, his paintings glorifying German landscapes and prominent personalities, including Mussolini, were widely exhibited. After the war, he painted portraits of well-known figures, including late Chancellor Konrad Adenauer, Bavarian Premier Franz-Josef Strauss and conductor

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"We thought that you saved Korea out of proportion to their num-from colonial rule under the Japa-bers. Their convictions led them to acts of defiance, regardless of perin the fluctuating, violent period since Mr. Park's murder in 1979.

Ruled Out, Aide To Reagan Says

SANTA BARBARA, Calif. President Reagan has reached a preliminary decision on basing the new MX missile, according to a White House spokesman, and he could be opting for a scaled down version of the Carter administra-

tion's plan. Larry Speakes, the deputy White House press secretary, indicated Monday that Mr. Reagan has ruled out placing the missiles aboard airplanes. Mr. Speakes said that he could not contradict the statement of congressional leaders who, after a meeting with Mr. Reagan Friday, said that the airmobile system no longer is under serious consideration.

Mr. Speakes also acknowledged that presidential approval of a land-based launching system for the multiple-warhead nuclear mis-siles would reverse a position taken in the 1980 campaign. As a candidate. Mr. Reagan agreed with supporters in Western states who said that basing the missile there would damage the environment and hamper economic develop-

The New York Times reported that Mr. Reagan had instructed Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger to revive the plan for shuttling 200 MX missiles among 4,000 shelters on a huge federal reservation in Utah and Nevada. On Monday, Mr. Speakes said that

By Jim Brooke

where cultists routinely sacrifice goats and chickens, scandalized

citizens are violently suppressing

the imported cult of South Korean

In a wave of violence over the

last 10 days, angry mobs stoned or

sacked Moon centers in seven cit-

ies. Police protection saved Moon

Hurling sticks, stones, bottles,

eggs, oranges and tomatoes, about 2,000 students in São Paulo laid

siege Thursday to the Brazilian headquarters of Mr. Moon's Unifi-cation Church. Police took 99 cult

members into protective custody, but a group of demonstrators re-turned Friday to loot and set fire

In Rio and Brasilia, crowds

forcing members to flee. In Belo participating.
Horizonte, relatives of cult follow-

broke into Unification centers,

ers marched outside the city's Uni-

fication Church chanting: "Down

with the monster Moon, destroyer

PRIX NETS SERVICE COMPRIS

MONTMARTRE

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evangelist Sun Myung Moon.

centers in nine other cities.

to the center.

Washington Past Service
RIO DE JANEIRO — In Brazil,

Prison Fasts Reported in El Salvador

Immates Protesting Threats Against Kin

United Press International SAN SALVADOR — Hundreds of Salvadoran political prisoners bave declared a hunger strike to protest death threats against relatives, the Salvadoran Human

Rights Commission reported. The report of a hunger strike by 249 prisoners at three sites came amid the announcement Monday by authorities of 83 decapitations in five days by terror squads believed to be using guillotines to slaughter their victims. Another 23 persons were reported killed Monday in political violence.

Authorities said they had no explanation for the beheading of the planation for the beneating of the 83 people in the western province of Santa Ana, a stronghold of rightist death squads who have made machete slayings their trade-mark. Authorities said the manner of decapitation indicated that guil-lotines were used. Many could not be identified.

The heads of some of the victims, found along isolated roads, have been identified as young peo-ple kidnapped by unidentified gummen in the provincial capital up to 15 days ago.

Roman Catholic Church sources said 166 prisoners were participat-ing in the hunger strike at the Mariona, Santa Tecla and Women's prisons but could not confirm the commission's report that 249 prisoners have joined the protest.

Defense Minister Jose G. Garcia told a news conference Sunday that the recapture of the northeastern town of Perquin from guerrillas took 10 days because the army wanted to avoid unnecessary bloodshed among civilians.

Col. Garcia admitted rebels killed three soldiers when they seized Perquin Aug. 11 but made no reference to the 34 soldiers and militiamen the guerrillas claim they captured when they overran the town two weeks ago.

6 Slot Machines Ease Boredom On Jumbo Jet

Resters

SINGAPORE — A Singapore International Airlines jumbo jet fitted with six slot machines departed Tuesday for

San Francisco.

The innovation is purely to relieve boredom, not lighten the passenger's wallet, according to an airline spokesman. The pay-out rate of the machines is set at 90 percent.

The machines will take tokens which can be bought from an attendant at two for a dollar. The jackpot prize, at least at first, will be \$100. The spokesman added that

the jackpot will be increased to \$25,000 within the next two months as the airline installs slot machines in all its jumbo

sudden violence stems from a se-

ries of sensationalized reports on

the group shown this month on "Fantastico," Brazil's most widely

watched weekly television pro-

On a recent segment, a newsman announced: "News that threatens all Brazilians: Pressured to leave

the United States, Rev. Moon is

preparing to come to Brazil. ... The cult is accused of enticing mi-

nors, preaching the separation of families and illicitly exploiting the

work of indoctrinated youths." A

few hours after the program end-

ed, youths began stoning the São Paulo headquarters of the Unifica-

taking up the anti-Moon crusade.

Last week, juvenile court judges across Brazil prohibited minors from joining the cult and required youths aged 18 to 21 to obtain written parental permission before

Threat of Indictment

Rio's district attorney called for

special prosecutor to investigate

the cult, and Romeu Tuma, head

Brazilian authorities are also

tion Church.

U.S. Envoy Earned Trust of Nicaraguans

By Alan Riding

New York Times Service
MANAGUA — Just days before winding up an assignment in Ni-caragua, a popular foreign ambas-sador was honored recently at a private luncheon given by the rul-ing junta and top Sandinista commanders. The country's leaders wanted to show their appreciation for the ambassador's efforts to improve relations between his government and the revolutionary re-

No one, it seemed, thought it unusual that, at a time of tense relations between Nicaragua's leftist rulers and the Reagan administration, the guest of honor should be the U.S. ambassador to Nicaragua, Lawrence A. Pezzullo.

In the two years since the Nicaraguan revolution, Mr. Pezzullo, a straight-talking, unflappable New Yorker, had earned the trust of the new government. This trust was underscored by the warm and friendly mood at the luncheon.

Pezzullo's Successor

Now, however, both the government and opposition groups are nervously awaiting word on Mr. Pezzullo's successor, apparently convinced that the political views and personal style of the next ambassador will have a crucial impact on the future of U.S.-Nicaraguan

The concern awakened by Mr. Pezzullo's departure underlined how, despite the 1979 revolution against the pro-American Somoza regime, the U.S. ambassador remains one of the principal political figures in Nicaragua. In the past, U.S. envoys in Nicaragua were in-variably closely identified with the dictatorship of the Somoza family. Mr. Pezzullo, by contrast, carefully avoided taking sides in Nicara-gua's heated internal political debate and was sought out by all

groups.
"Pezzullo has been the best U.S. ambassador to Nicarugua in this century," said Foreign Minister Miguel d'Escoto. "He tried to help his government understand the ir-reversibility of the process here and seek a modus vivendi with us."

'Respected by All Sectors'

"He was respected by all sec-tors," said Alfonso Robelo Callejas, a former junta member who is

A member of Nicaragua's threemember junta, Sergio Ramirez Mercado, said, "An aggressively conservative ambassador would be a problem, and we would not toler-

with long experience in Latin America, Mr. Pezzullo arrived in

was widely blamed by Nicaraguans for installing and perpetuating the Somoza government, Mr. Pez-zullo tried to change the traditional image of U.S. ambassadors in had long symbolized U.S. domina- room.

of the Holy Spirit for the Unifica-

Mr. Tuma has threatened to in-

dict the church's Brazilian presi-

dent. Cesar Zaduski, on charges of

fraud, illegal constraint and "reducing [others] to the condition

Mr. Zaduski estimated that the

church had 60 centers and 5,000

Brazil's constitution guarantees religious freedom, and the nation

has a tradition of religious toler-

ance. Nominally the world's most populous Roman Catholic coun-

try, Brazil has inherited from Afri-

ca a variety of spiritist cults and sects. Nationwide, there are about

'Destruction of Family'

The clean-cut, anti-Communist

Unification missionaries ran into

trouble when they infringed on an

untouchable Latin institution — the family. Mr. Moon's converts

cut their family ties and devote

Before the violence broke out,

tion of World Christianity."

analogous to that of a slave."

members in Brazil.

300,000 spirit centers.

their lives to the cult.

Mr. Pezzullo struggled to explain the workings of the U.S. government to the new regime in Managua and, above all, to temper its anti-American polemics. The Sandinistas also apparently appreciated his direct approach to prob-

Sandinista leaders, Mr. Pezzulio held out the hope of improved re-

now an opposition leader. "He was extraordinarily balanced, and he always spoke clearly and honest-

A 55-year-old career diplomat

Managua during the civil war with instructions from the Carter administration to pressure President Anastasio Somoza Debayle to sur-render power to the Sandinista-led

Aware that the United States

tion over Nicaragua. He also made lations with the United States if ministration's policies on change about 20 trips to Washington to Nicaraqua avoided exporting its lobby for congressional approval revolution to Central America. as the Reagan administration has accused Managua of doing by funof a \$75-million loan to Nicaragua.

neling Soviet-bloc arms to Salvadorian guerrillas. "Our problem with the revolution is not that it wants to bring change to a society that sorely needs change." Mr. Pezzullo said. "But if that policy parallels Cuban

policy, this is going to be very dif-In his private sessions with top ficult for us to accept." Ambassador Pezzullo's close identification with the Carter ad-

and human rights in Latin America, however, earned him a place among those ambassadors recommended for replacement by the Republican transition team after the election of Ronald Reagan last

November. First on the list was Robert E. White, who was dismissed as U.S. ambassador to El Salvador 10 days after Mr. Reagan took office. But, to the surprise of many State Department officials, Mr. Pezzullo was retained and even now is leaving at his own request.

ties that men wearing hoods had been surprised by the priest as they were "seeking to rob the church's

Sister Ana Maria later fled to

Mexico City, where a spokesman

for her Carmelite Order told a re-

porter that Guatemalan officials

were using the sister's name "to

Sources in Mexico City pointed

out what they said were inconsis-

tencies in the government report:

Witnesses said the killers were

tall, Spanish-speaking men of mixed blood. The three suspects

identified by the government are short, speak Spanish only halting-ly, and are Indians who speak an Indian language.

Two of the government's suspects were friends of the slain priest and the third a merchant in

Santiago Atitlan, none of them

• The church, as impoverished

as its Indian parishoners, had no

funds worth robbing.
The Guatemalan government

has made no comment on the case

make false statements.

Frame-Up, Rightist Assassination Alleged After Murder of U.S. Priest in Guatemala

By Dial Torgerson

Los Angeles Times Service MEXICO CITY - An American priest killed in Guatemala July 28 died resisting kidnappers, not in a robbery as the Guatemalan government has claimed, sources have

reported here. These sources said Monday that the circumstances of his death indicate that the Rev. Stanley Rother, 46, was killed by a rightist assassination squad and that the Guatemalan authorities framed three local men in the slaving.

Interviewed by the Los Angeles Times the month before his death, Father Rother told of fearing for his life. "I have found that I am on list of those to be killed," he said. A cathechist at the priest's church at Santiago Atitlan was kidnapped and subsequently killed in January. Father Rother had written a friend in Oklahoma, his home state, that 17 townspeople had been kidnapped, tortured and slain by Guatemalan soldiers in the same month.

"He was a tough Oklahoma farm boy," said a source familiar

Quarantined Region in California Is Expanded After Fruit Fly Found Francisco, forcing officials to add

SAN FRANCISCO — The area of California quarantined because of the Mediterranean fruit fly has been expanded by nearly a third to more than 3,000 square miles after a fertile fly was found near a major pepper-growing area.

The discovery also forced officials to add a large area to the zone where aerial pesticide spraying is

The fly was trapped at the northern end of San Benito Coun-ty, about 80 miles south of San

Union Leader Named To London Times Job The Associated Press

LONDON — Reginald Brady, a union official who led crippling strikes at the London Sunday Only after the Sandinistas seized power on July 19, 1979, did Mr. trial relations officer of Times Pezzullo present his credentials as Newspapers Ltd., it was an-

nounced Tuesday.

The rival Daily Telegraph reported that Mr. Brady will receive a salary of more than \$37,000 a year, and he must resign from the union. He was an executive of the al image of U.S. ambassadors in National Society of Operative the country. He moved into a Printers, Graphical and Media smaller residence, departing from Personnel and head of the union

a huge white hillside mansion that chapter in the Sunday Times press Moon Sect Faces Violence in Brazil After TV Reports tion of the church, registered in Brazil last year as the "Association breakdown, generational conflict and the destruction of the family,"

> tional Conference of Brazilian Bishops, said recently.
>
> As in the United States, Brazili ans complain of the cult's controversial high-pressure indoctrination techniques, often directed at impressionable minors.

> Luciano Mendes de Almeida, sec-

retary-general of the powerful Na-

Move to West Germany

LONDON (AP) - More than 300 missionaries of the Unification Church are leaving Britain and moving to West Germany, leaders announced Tuesday.

"We see this move as a good progressive step," said David Fraser-Harris, spokesman here for the church. The Daily Mail, which won a libel action after describing the Moonies as "the church that breaks up families," said in a front-page article Tuesday that the missionaries — principally Japanese. German and French with a few Americans, Koreans and Britons, according to the newspaper were leaving because their crusade to convert the British people had of São Paulo's political police, has a "The Moon cult ... preaches to con faunched a nationwide investigadetachment of affections, cultural failed.

with the Rother case. He knew what would happen if he were kidnapped. So when they came for him, he fought them."

One person who said he was in the rectory the night of July 28 told church authorities that the priest, awakened by gunmen, cried out: "I'm not going to go with you.
You'll have to kill me here."

Sources said a report made available to church agencies, but not officially released, said the priest was shot to death, but that his body bore signs of a fight — bruises on his knuckles, face and

Ten priests have been killed and two have been reported missing in Guatemala since May, 1980, when a series of attacks on priests and

other church functionaries began.

A week after Father Rother was killed, Guatemalan authorities announced the arrest of three men. zales Arias, a Mexican nun working at the church, had told authori-

about 700 square miles to the pre-

vious 2,427 square-mile quarantine zone. The area added to the

quarantine comprises all of Santa Cruz county and the northern quarter of agriculture-rich San

Benito County, according to med-

fly project spokesman Dick

Thompson.
The existing 701 square-mile

spray zone was enlarged by an un-

specified area. The spray area most likely will cover the entire [Santa Clara] valley south of Gil-roy, clear to the hillsides around

the lower Santa Clara Valley," said

George Strathern, deputy director of the state Food and Agriculture

San Benito County, the sixth coun-

found, was bad news for growers who produce hell peppers. San Benito County Agriculture Com-missioner Jack Edmondson said

that much of the beli pepper crop

grows within three to four miles of

the new medfly find and that required fumigation could ruin the

pepper crop, which spoils quickly when lumigated.

The discovery of the medfly in

where medflies have been

since the announcement of the ar-rests Aug. 4. The U.S. Embassy in Guatemala filed a report to the State Department after the death but has made no further report.

likely to rob the church.

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and Surgeons.

Page 4 Wednesday, August 26, 1981

Spain Heads Toward NATO

Spain has finally begun the process of applying for full NATO membership. The Cabinet decision last week was taken in recognition of the facts that the political opposition is surmountable and that the 15 members of the alliance will welcome a Spanish bid for entry. From the Spanish perspective, there are some fairly strong arguments both for and against joining the Western alliance. But on balance, the advantages for both Spain and NATO outweigh the disadvantages.

Strategically, Spain commands the Strait of Gibraltar and the southeastern Atlantic. The Spanish Canary Islands sit astride crucial oil lanes. It would surely be helpful to NATO to be able to plan an integrated defense in this area with the support of the relatively modern Spanish naval and air forces and the use of Spanish bases. NATO mem-bership will not wipe out Spanish-British disagreement over the status of Gibraltar, but it should be a positive step toward resolving that problem. The Spanish say they will insist on garrisoning the Canaries, themselves, but that should not be unacceptable to the other members. And Spain will also refuse to store or manufacture nuclear weapons on its territory, but so do Norway and Denmark, both

The debate in Spain centers on whether the country would benefit more from fullfledged membership in the Western community, including NATO and the EEC, or from a more neutral posture, between the West and the Soviet bloc, and a special relationship with the oil-producing Arab countries. The Soviet Union has consistently warned Spain that it would regard its adhesion to

NATO as a fundamental realignment of the East-West balance that would put Spain on the front-line of any war in Europe. In the past, there also have been hints that if Spain stayed out of the alliance, the Soviet Union would use its influence to help eliminate Basque terrorism. Pro-NATO forces argue that because of its treaty with the United States, Spain probably could not stay out of a war, anyway, and that membership would commit other alliance members to its defense. They also contend that NATO membership will be an advantage in the overall war against terrorism through collaboration

in intelligence and law enforcement. Another argument for entry is that it will shore up Spain's still young and frequently threatened democracy. NATO membership has not prevented military coups in Greece or Turkey, but the exposure of the Spanish army - which was built to deal with internal, not external threats — to the modern and apolitical NATO forces, should have a positive effect. The government has won the support of the armed forces for joining NATO, which is a major accomplishment, because many of the army's superannuated officers feared, probably correctly, that there would be no place for them once necessary modernization began.

The Spanish parliament will start considering the matter next month. The Socialists will try to force it to a referendum, but Premier " Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo has the votes to prevent that. It is expected that the formal Spanish request will be made in time for it to joinby the end of this year.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Loudly

Jeane Kirkpatrick surprised a lot of people by keeping her footing in that most treacherous of sandpits, the Arab-Israeli quarrel. Her belief in quiet diplomacy paid off at the United Nations when she negotiated a unanimous Security Council resolution on the Israeli assault on Iraq's nuclear reactor. But fresh from that triumph, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, the U.S. representative at the UN, started sounding off in Latin America in the very manner she used to deplore.

Mrs. Kirkpatrick could not have been more outspoken during her six-nation tour. She was quoted in Santiago as saying the United States intends to "normalize completely its relations with Chile in order to work together in a pleasant way." That was pleasant indeed to President Pinochet, whose repressive regime had been at serious odds over human rights with the Carter administration.

But it was not so pleasant for the democratic opposition, four of whose leaders were expelled from Chile just two days after Mrs. Kirkpatrick departed. One was the president of the Chilean Commission on Human Rights, who had vainly tried to arrange a meeting with her.

At a Lima press conference, Mrs. Kirkpatrick volunteered her advice to Costa Rica, the only stable democracy in Central America. Costa Ricans proudly claim that their republic has more teachers than police, and has had no army at all since 1948. That was not good for Costa Ricans, the ambassador said, because they were illequipped to cope with terrorism: "We can help them with some training for their police."

Costa Ricans took this amiss. President Carazo Odio formally complained that Mrs. Kirkpatrick's remarks were "exaggeration and falsehood," a view shared by his likely successor in next February's election. As Costa Ricans see it, the real peril to their democracy stems from a floundering economy, not from terrorism. If Costa Rica lacks an army, it also lacks a guerrilla opposition, and maybe there is a message in that.

To be sure, Mrs. Kirkpatrick has her own views on Latin America. It is the region she concerned herself with most during her years as an academic. But in dispensing praise to military dictators or criticism to democrats, she might profit from her own past advice. Quiet is best.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

U.S. Social Security Choices

The problems facing U.S. Social Security over the next few years are neither as serious as some (including the Reagan administration) have claimed nor so insignificant that they can be neglected. The recently enacted budget package includes more than \$25 billion in Social Security and Medicare savings over the next five years. That's more than enough to carry the system through 1986 if the economy behaves reasonably well. It's not enough to protect it against the possibility of a still sluggish economy. There is strong public and congressional feeling, moreover, that one of the already passed cutbacks --termination of the Social Security minimum benefit for 2 million people now receiving it - should be discarded and fairer ways of saving money found.

This means that some additional action is needed soon. How much depends on how large a financial cushion you think is needed to be on the safe side, but savings in the \$5 billion to \$7 billion a year range will probably do the job. That sounds like a lot, but in a system that will be paying out close to \$200 billion next year in cash and medical benefits, it's only a minor adjustment — not the massive overhaul that the administration

proposed this spring. How might the needed money be raised? One way - which we don't recommend would be to target cuts on a few relatively defenseless groups like minimum beneficiaries or people planning to retire next year. A better way would be to spread the losses evenly by putting a cap on cost-of-living adjustments until the system gets back in bal-ance. A third technique would be to focus on some people best able to afford a reduction. One good idea in the last category would extend Social Security coverage to all federal workers and restructure the separate federal retirement system as a supplement to Social

The lobbies that zealously guard the very generous retirement benefits that federal workers now get --- largely at the taxpayer's expense - will respond to this idea with their standard shrieks of alarm and outrage. Requiring federal workers to contribute to Social Security throughout their working lives would, however, not only improve benefits for the lowest paid workers and provide an immediately helpful infusion into the trust funds. It would also produce substantial long-run savings by eliminating the windfall Social Security benefits that over half of federal retirees now receive from only a few years of private sector work.

Another overdue reform would make part of Social Security benefits received by higher income people subject to the federal income tax. Yes, we know that this administration came into office to cut taxes, not raise them. But surely when it is a question of either taking benefits directly from a group or raising taxes of the same group by the same amount, this is a distinction without much difference. In this case, in fact, there is an advantage since, given the progressive structure of the income tax, lower-income beneficiaries would suffer no loss at all, and only at the highest income levels would the loss be substantial. This would be especially true if certain features were included. For example, no tax should be levied on that part of the benefits paid for by an employees' own contributions, since this has already been taxed. None of these reforms - limiting cost-of-living adustments, covering federal workers or taxing. benefits - would concentrate losses on a few. vulnerable groups. Each has merit in its own: right. Some combination of them, moreover, would put the Social Security system on a sound footing for the foreseeable future without doing harm to its central features.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago August 26, 1906

LONDON -The Sunday Times comments editorially on President Roosevelt's endorsement of the movement to reform the spelling of 300 Eng-

lish words: "Indignation at the presumption of the American nation to tamper with a language that belongs to us and of which we regard ourselves as the true and lawful custodians, mingles with withering sarcasm in the criticisms of the proposed emendations, while the shades of Shakespeare and the biblical translators are invoked in a passionate protest against this attempted act of philological vandalism." The Observer quotes Dr. Henry Sweet: "I do not like these partial reforms. Trifling and tinkering with a language can benefit no one."

Fifty Years Ago August 26, 1931

NEW YORK --- In an attempted wholesale execution, five men were lined up against the wall of a slaughterhouse in Brooklyn today, while four hired gummen methodically sprayed them with bullets. One victim was slain instantly, another was mortally wounded and three were wounded seriously. A sixth man, the leader of the executioners, was caught by the hail of lead as he was directing the fire and was riddled with slugs from which he is expected to die. His body was picked up by the gunmen and then thrown out of their careening vehicle two blocks away in the belief that he was dead. Meanwhile, New York was moving angrily to take some action to stamp out the underworld's defiance of the law.



Intervention in Central America

By Penny Lernoux In Uruguay and Argentina, the military wiped out urban guerrilla

military wiped out urban guerrilla networks, employing techniques used by the French in Algeria during the 1950s. The methods succeeded primarily because the majority of the Uruguayans and Argentines were reasonably well-fed, literate and had some hope of expressing their will through honest election (Unlike El Salvador and Guatemala where all recent elec-

Guatemala where all recent elec-

tions have been fraudulent, ac-cording to U.S. congressional in-vestigations). The guerrillas, there-

fore, did not have a mass following

and were relatively easy to pick off in the cities through the use of tor-ture and immidation.

Murder and Torture

gime in South America may not

necessarily work for another in

Central America. And the methods

used may not be ones the United

ing to Amnesty International

some 25,000 people have been murdered or have "disappeared"

in Argentina since the military

seized power in 1976. Only a mi

nority of those who died could be

described as guerrilla extremists.

Amnesty International and
Chile's Catholic Church report

that the situation is also grim in Chile. More than 1,500 people died or disappeared in the four years following the 1973 military

coup; labor dissidents and human-

rights activists continue to suffer

arrest and torture and some have

But what served one military re-

CARTAGENA, Colombia — Troubled Central America is no stranger to outside intervention. The United States is deeply involved in the region, and the democratic South American gov-ernments of Venezuela and Colombia also have been drawn into El Salvador's civil war.

The Reagan administration would like to see the number of Latin American nations involved in the area increase, and during her recent tour of South America, Jeane J. Kirkpatrick, U.S. ambas-sador to the United Nations, reportedly discussed the possibility of intervention in Central America with the military regimes of Chile, Uruguay and Argentina. Col. Er-nesto Videla, Chile's undersecretary of foreign relations, said that talks with Mrs. Kirkpatrick cen-tered on the "Soviet threat to important food and energy sources in Central America."

Mrs. Kirkpatrick said that the military governments of the continent's so-called Southern Cone could provide valuable assistance in preventing the spread of guerril-la warfare in Central America based on their own success in putting down the "extreme left."

Second Thoughts

Mrs. Kirkpatrick's idea of "regionalizing" responsibility for war-torn El Salvador is not new. Jose Napoleon Duarte, nominal head of happieon Duane, nonman used of the Salvadoran junta and a Chris-tian Democrat, made a similar sug-gestion last year, when he met with the heads of state of Panama, Ven-ezuela, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru. All five have elected governments and played a key role in backing the Sandinista revolution

But those nations have since had second thoughts about supporting Central American revolutions, either because more centrist Christian Democrats have replaced Social Democrats in their govern-ments (as in Venezuela and Ecuador), or because of pressure from their own upper classes, which worry about having another politi-

cal hurricane nearby.

The change in the U.S. administration also has influenced these governments, particularly since the Pentagon and the State Department have promised to give re-quests for arms favorable consideration in exchange for support in Central America.

While none of five countries at the meeting responded to Mr. Duarte's proposal that they consider military intervention in El Salvador, Chile and Argentina may prove more receptive — espe-cially if the suggestion comes from

the United States, Contrast to Carter

In contrast to the Carter administration, which blackballed the two regimes because of what it called human rights violations, Mr. Reagan's government has sent a stream of high-level delegates to Buenos Aires and Santiago. Vice President Bush is expected in Chile next November. The Reagan administration also has lifted eco-nomic sanctions against the two countries and promises a renewal of U.S. military sales.

The Chilean, Argentine and Uruguayan regimes have succeeded in eliminating opposition, but the accomplishment needs careful analysis to avoid drawing a simplistic analogy between those nations and the countries of Central America,

The difference between Central and South America lies primarily the size and makeup of the countries. Whereas real guerrilla warfare has been difficult to put down in small Central American nations with peasant populations, it has been a failure in the larger South American countries.

values. In Urugnay, for example, the 8-year-old military regime abandoned its plan to stay in power until 1991 and began laying the groundwork for a return to civilian rule after the 1980 nationwide plebiscite made it clear that a majority of Uruguayans wish the generals would go away. Brazil also is un-dergoing a political liberalization after 17 years of military rule.

Blames Havana

Mrs. Kirkpatrick insists that the guerrillas' successes in Central America are entirely Cuba's doing, but evidence produced to date does not substantiate that claim. The national organization of U.S. Catholic bishops has, in fact, suggested another reason: the repressive Salvadoran and Guatemaian regimes and centuries of poverty for their people.

A hungry peasant youth whose family has been massacred by the the guerrillas. The Marxist jargon of the guerrillas is of no interest to him: All he knows is that any government has to be better than the regime that murdered his family.

Quite apart from the moral question of the U.S. government encouraging South American mili-tary regimes to help their fellows in Central America, there is the pragmatic question of whether such intervention would be effec-tive — or merely cause more hatred of the United States.

Penny Lernoux, author of "Cry of the People," is a Latin American correspondent for the Nation. She wrote this article for the Los Angeles Such methods have succeeded in terrorizing the population into obedience, but they have not destroyed deep-rooted democratic

--Letters

been killed.

Cape Town Squatters

In an article on the squatters near Cape Town (IHT, Aug. 14) your correspondent makes the startling accusation of "govern-ment efforts to starve them into returning to their tribal homelands This accusation was repeated in a report dealing with the govern-ment's resettlement plans, in an-

other of the Aug. 17 issue. I would like to point out that in a statement on Aug. 13, the re-sponsible minister, Pieter J.G. Koornhof, has publicly denied this allegation, adding that at least three places had been identified where food could be provided for the squatters. We deplore the fact that this minister's clear denial was completely ignored, and that such a serious, unfounded allegation

could be treated as fact.
I may add that the refusal by our government to allow squatting in the area has nothing to do with ideological considerations but aims at preventing the miserable conditions which accompany such squatter camps all over the world.

 R.H. GORIS, Information Attaché, Paris. South African Embassy.

The Good Guys

In reply to David Warden's bi-ased letter (IHT, Ang. 8-9), I would like to refute several of his ridiculous allegations.
One: What "record" shows that

U.S. generals (which ones?) want to "waste" Europe if it might prevent a strike against the United States? It seems to me that the United States has shown the contrary in coming to the aid of Europe twice in the past 64 years.

Two: On what does he base his statement that the Soviet Union is no more Marxist or Communist than the United States is Christian and Democratic? To my mind, both are indisputably true. Have they changed our motto "In God We Trust," recently? Do we have the right to vote and freedom of movement in or out of the United

democratic privileges? ELEANOR PERREAU.

States? Do the Russians have these

Canada's Problems The New York Times editorial, "On Relating to Canada" (IHT, Aug. 5), advocates patience with Canada but displays little or no understanding of Canada's prob-

Historically, Canadians have been reluctant to invest in the development of their own natural re-sources because of the risks in-

It is certainly high time that something was done about this problem, and the Trudeau government's measures are generally quite gradual and moderate. The whole point is that without eco-nomic independence there can be no political independence; that is, the assurance that government de-cisions are based in the collective interests of its own citizens rather than on the interests of foreign investors.

W.F. SMYTH Colombo, Sri Lanka.

Test for U.S. Policy

On Restraining Libya's Strongman

By Charles William Maynes

have to agree with the Reagan administration's overall approach on key issues to admire its tactics. It retreats when the opposition is too threatening. It moves decisively when the target is small, unpopular and manageable. Both the ongoing conflict with the air traffic controllers and the new crisis with Libya, different as they are, fit this pattern.

Thus in July, when the president faced a strike by 600,000 postal workers who, like the air controllers, are barred by law from strik-ing, the Postal Service quietly capitulated and offered its employees an uncapped cost-of-living adjust-ment. Then came the challenge from the air controllers. This time the decision was to point out to the American people the no-strike pledge of the air controllers, who number only 12,000, and to hit their much smaller union as hard

On Terrorism

The approach toward international terrorism has been similar. The day after the inauguration, Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. announced that the ad-ministration would give priority to ministration would give priority to the fight against the Soviet Un-ion for "training, funding and equipping" international terrorists. The president followed up the next day with a blistering attack on So-viet leaders for the "promotion of world revolution" and for reserv-ing "unto themselves the right to commit any crime: to lie, to chest commit any crime; to lie, to cheat, in order to obtain [revolution]." But like the postal workers, the Soviet Union benefited from administration concern that the target sighted was too big. The administration retreated and repealed the grain embargo. Now, smaller Libya, like the air traffic controllers, is being shown the eachest controllers.

In the case of Libya, the administration probably will succeed be-cause it has chosen the right target, even if it may have gone unneces-sarily out of its way to court confrontation. Libya's strong man, Moarrer Qadhafi, does represent a new problem for the international, community, for which a solution must be found. That problem, in brief, is what should be done when country critical to international stability, in effect, runs amok because of its leaders' policies?

The international community has always faced this problem with a few key countries. For two centuries the question of who ruled Germany has been key to the future stability of Europe and world peace. The difference between now and then is that in an interdependent age there are so many more countries that can affect the stability of others. Who rules Iran is almost as important as who rules even maior Éuropean countries.

In the case of Libya, the dilemmas of interdependence reach the point of absurdity. The vast country of less than 3 million people holds hundreds of millions at bay because the quality of its oil is ideal for gasoline production and because it supplies a critical share of the U.S., Italian and West German

The president may order Libyan planes shot down in order to de-fend the principle of the freedom of the seas, but 2,000 U.S. oil workers, although urged by their government to leave, remain in Libya, each one a potential target for

Some people contend that Col. Qadhafi is crazy. Egypt's President Anwar Sadat maintains that he is "100 percent sick and possessed of a demon." And Sudan's President Gasfar Nimeri says that he has "a split personality — both evil." What is clear is that he is danger-

At one point, Col. Qadhafi appears to have tried to have a U.S. ambassador assassinated; he has ampassador assassmated; he has ordered attempts on the life of Mr. Sadat, and he has supplied cash or arms to Basque, Corsican and other separatists throughout Europe. He has ordered Libyan dissidents residing abroad eliminated. He has moved his army into neigh-boring Chad. Libyan maps show parts of neighboring countries, such as Algeria, as part of greater Libva. Regrettably, the rule of law

plays only a marginal role in inter-national affairs. When a state such as Libya shows no respect for even that margin, there is justification for the resort to force. Consequently, the administration's show of force on the high seas off Libya deserves the benefit of the doubt

Letters intended for publica-tion should be addressed "Letters to the Editor," and must include the writer's address and signa-ture. Priority is given to letters that are brief and do not request anonymity. Letters may be abridged. We are unable to acknowledge all letters but while acknowledge all letters, but value the views of readers who submit

WASHINGTON — You don't even from U.S. detractors. Indeed, one of the key issues facing northern Africa and the Middle East is who should discipline Col. Qadhafi. The question now facing Washington is: Should it be the United States?

The Carter administration was perhaps too quick to say no. It re-jected for unclear reasons even such measures as severing diplomatic relations with Libya. This administration may, by contrast, be a little too anxious to answer yes. Having all but formally severed relations, it may now be looking for more forceful next

But the politics of the developing countries are not as single-minded as those of this administration. Despite the incredible record of abuse that Col. Qadhafi's Libya has managed to establish against neighboring states, the administration, if it moves too precipitously. may find to its astonishment that developing countries will rally to Libya's side, especially if Col. Qadhafi can portray himself as another Third World victim of "Western aggression."

Grave Errors

And if the Reagan administra-tion "unleashes" Mr. Sadat to move against Libya, it may find that it has only weakened the Egyptian leader. After all, in World War II even Rommel was finally defeated because the German logistical lines across the Li-byan desert were too difficult to

mantain.

If the administration wants to discipline Col. Qadhafi, the key is not unilateral U.S. action or greater U.S. dependence on Mr. Sadat, already bearing a heavy burden for



the United States. Rather, the United States must alter its policy toward two key countries in the re-gion, Algeria and Nigeria. Here, sadly, the Reagan administration has made grave errors, seriously vi-olating an unstated law of interna-tional politics, which is always to remember the question, "What have you done for me lately?"

Cool to Algeria

One of the administration's first actions in the wake of Algeria's assistance in resolving the fran hos-tage crisis was to make it clear that our principal friend in North Africa is Algeria's neighbor and rival; Morocco. Through arms shipments, constituting a reversal in traditional U.S. policy under both Democratic and Republican administrations, the new team went out of its way to make clear that it felt no gratitude toward the Algerians. Indeed, it seemed anxious to stress the point.

In the case of Nigeria, the one black African country that can counter Libyan actions in Chad, counter Libyan actions in Chad, President Reagan got off on the wrong foot by suggesting that of all the African countries, the United States has a special obligation to South Africa — allegedly because of the role it played in World War II. In fact, many of South Africa's more important present or recent leaders were then either in recent leaders were then either in jail or under suspicion as Nazi sympathizers. Moreover, Nigeria may feel that the United States also incurred a special obligation to it in 1973 when Nigeria defied an Arab oil boycott against the United States, and continued to supply the United States much of its imported oil.

Focus

The test for the Reagan adminis-tration now is one of focus. Unlike the crisis in El Salvador, the administration has not identified the wrong target or uncovered mis-leading information. Col. Qadhafi does need to be restrained.

The debate must now determine how to accomplish this. Is the ad-ministration, through the totality of its policies in the area, particularly toward critical countries such as Algeria, making it more difficult to do with others what clearly can be done alone only with enormous cost? The answer to that question will determine whether this latest crisis will be a success or failure for the Reagan administration.

Charles William Maynes is the editor of Foreign Policy magazine. He wrote this article for the Los An-

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Associate Publisher Director of Finance Director of Circulation Director of Advertising By Ann Crittenden

New York Times Service NEW YORK - When Lowell Haskins an American poultry breeder, visited Zambia not long ago, he was invited to hunch at the mourious home of a Cabinet minister. The official's wife asked if he would like to see her chickens and then led him outside. In the back garden were 300 broilers being fattened for the Lusaka market

"It was like being invited to the home of Alexander Haig and having Mrs. Haig show you her chicken business in the back yard," said Mr. Haskins, whose Connecticut company, Arbor Acres, supplies almost one-third of the world's preeding stock for broilers.

All over the developing world, the consumption of meat, in which category the studies by experts incinde poultry, is soaring. In the past five years, consumption per capita in developing countries has nsen by 24 percent.

The trend, in the view of many food experts, is the most important change in global eating habits in a decade. Despite warnings in the early 1970s that the world's foodproducing capacity could not sus-tain an American-style diet, people in Africa and the Middle East, in Southeast Asia and in Eastern Europe, in Mexico and Brazil, all are using their incomes to purchase

U.S. Cutting Down

Ironically, the growth in meat consumption elsewhere is occur-ring as Americans are reducing the amount of meat, especially beef, in

The United States exports 70 percent of the feed grains in world erade, supplying a foreign demand that pushes up the prices of feed grain and of meat in the United. States. As a result of the rising price of meat in the United States and because of declining real incomes and diet health concerns. Americans are eating 17 percent less beef per capita than in 1976.

"More by coincidence than by design, we have cut back on meat and made it possible for others, in Europe, Japan and the middle-in-come developing countries, to eat more meat, said Harold Breimeyer, an economist at the University of Missouri.

Many food experts view the trend as a positive one. They see the growing number of farm ammais as a buffer against famine,

By Victor Cohn

WASHINGTON --- Homos

uality may be determined at birth

by biology, according to a new study that indicates that 10 per-

cent of all children apparently are born with a strong "gender non-conformity" — a faikure to like the

things other boys or girls like —

inging and inevitably makes many of them homosexuals.

insey Institute for Sex Research

late Dr. Alfred Kinsey made his re-

weak or a hostile father, a domi-

By David Barchard

C1981, The Guardian.

divulge any details of the case

An Ankara prosecutor, Mehmet

for questioning a few weeks ago, said Tuesday, "We have started proceedings against him, but I am

not permitted to say what they are." Mr. Munir's interrogation

arose from a dispatch he sent to

the BBC Turkish service last De-

cember reporting a threat — al-legedly from a clandestine under-

ground movement inside Turkey

for Turkish diplomats slain in Eu-

become a channel of information for Turks at a time when the Turk-

News of the prosecution reached

Mr. Munir Tuesday morning in

the form of a summons to attend

ish press is heavily censored.

spondents based in Ankara.

the charges.

BBC Reporter to Be Tried

traumatic sexual experience.

sexuality.

hingson Post Service

Asia. If grain crops fail again, the mimals could be slaughtered; providing food and making feed grain available for humans.

On the other hand, some agricultural economists believe that the trend toward more eating of meat exacerbates the growing gap-between the better off and the poor around the world. Many worry that the demand for meat will contribute to serious food price inflation in the 1980s and, indirectly, to the spread of hunger around the

The rising consumption of meat in developing countries, fueled by rising incomes rather than population growth, is largely limited to the middle classes. Yet the trend puts pressure on the price of livefeed and, in turn, on the prices that the very poor have to pay for food.

"The potential for feed grain demand in a dozen middle-income, oil-producing or skewed-income countries to 'drive' international grain markets in the 1980s is very real," said C.P. Timmer of the Harvard Business School. Mr. Timmer is particularly concerned about what could happen to world food prices if the Chinese make major purchases in the feed grain market in the 1980s, as they seem to be planning to do.

There is no doubt that higher meat consumption puts added pressure on the world's food sys-tem. Lester Brown of the Worldwatch Institute in Washington has calculated that one person consumes about 180 kilograms of rain each year if it is eaten directly. But if he or she has a meat-intensive diet, the grain demand rises to 730 kilograms. A kilogram equals 2.2 pounds.

Impossible Wish

"Such a diet, aside from the health effects of producing more cholesterol and heart disease, just isn't sustainable," said Frances Moore Lappe of the Institute for Food and Development Policy in San Francisco. "If you compare the per-capita acreage required to sustain the American diet with cultivated land per capita in the rest of the world, you find we use twice the acreage that the world has available per capita. We call the trend toward a meat-centered diet a wish for the impossible."

Whether it is possible over the long run, the trend is unmistakable particularly in Africa and South and is reflected in these ways:

Indiana Researchers Find Homosexuality

May Be Biologically Determined at Birth

• More grain is now fed to animals than is consumed by the 1.4 billion people living in low-income countries. The middle-income developing countries alone, including Brazil, Mexico, Taiwan, Singapore and Hong Kong, feed six times as much grain to animals as is eaten by humans in all of sub-Saharan Africa.

• The proportion of grain con-sumed by livestock has doubled, from about 20 percent of total world grain consumption in 1960-61 to more than 40 percent.

• Since 1970, the growth of grain consumption for animal feed has been twice as rapid as that of the consumption as food.

• The Eastern European countries, including the Soviet Union. consumed 97 million metric tons of food grains in 1960 and used 67 million tons as animal feed. By 1981, food grain consumption was 126 million tons, while feed grain consumption had jumped to 186

Poultry Lovasion

The big explosion is in the consumption of poultry, which, unlike pork or beef, is acceptable fare to all ethnic groups. Poultry is also the most efficient converter of grain to meat. A rule of thumb says feeder cattle require eight calories of grain to produce one calorie of meat and that pork reources four. But chicken can produce a calorie of meat for every two or two and a half calories of grain. In the past five years, poul-try consumption has risen almost everywhere. Per capita consump tion, in kilograms, rose in Brazil from 5.3 to 11.1; in the Soviet Union from 5.7 to 9.1; in Japan from 7.7 to 10.5; in the European Economic Community from 12.4 to 13.9, and in the United States from

24.1 to 29.5. So many small-scale chicken operations have sprung up in north-ern India and Pakistan that the old Great Trunk Road, from Calcutta to the Punjab, is now called Poultry Lane. In parts of Africa, an ex-plosion in the chicken population gives tribesmen the kind of food security they used to have when they killed off cattle or carnels dur-

ing hard times.

If another food crisis did occur, many food experts say, the trend toward meat and poultry would be quickly reversed. But in the meantime, much of the world's food

Martin Hewitt, Brooke Shields in "Endless Love."

'Endless Love': Mostly It's **Endless Brooke Shields**

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss International Herald Tribune

ARIS - Franco Zeffirelli, who brought the thrill of authentic Shakespeare to his films of "Romeo and Juliet" and "The Taming of the Shrew," chauffeurs a rattling contraption across the reen in "Endless Love."

Though in trendy dress and taking place in the permissive age, it is h an antiquated tearjerker that, its concessions to contemporary wardrobe and mores notwithstanding, it might be from the sugary pen of Bertha M. Clay, queen of ctorian weepy fiction.

This jalopy of a movie plies its course fitfully. At times it runs out of gas and the illusion that it will soon be over stirs hopes. Then with renewed determination it plunges forward from one ridiculous confrontation to another. Despite its formidable title implying that it is on the order of "Tristan und Isolde" or Dante's never-consummated romance, it is not about grand the-world-well-lost passion, but puppy-love.

Watchful Parents

A Chicago high-school student is smitten with a fair coed and the girl's parents, apostles of broad liberty, permit him to spend his nights in their 15-year-old daugh-ter's bedroom. The father catches sight of the lad running around naked and the mother tiptoes downstairs to gaze at the youngsters in amorous dalliance before the living-room fire. The behavior of everyone would be more plausible at Polly Adler's house than in a liberprofessor's home.

This may occur to the father, for informs his precocious guest that his tryst must cease, at least for a month, whereupon the enraged youth sets fire to the build-

Charged with arson, he is banished to a mental clinic and upon his release from the psychiatrists pursues his beloved to New York, to which the harassed family has moved. The father spies him amid the crowds on Fifth Avenue and intending to lay hands on the taxi. The cause of the accident is unknown, but the boy, more unstable than ever, confesses to being responsible and is imprisoned, the girl left to await his liberation.

Fiddle-Faddle

Zeffirelli is a gifted director, but what director, however gifted, could make sense of this fiddlefaddle. Only the bare outline of the scenario, based on a best seller, has been sketched here. There is much more: the reaction of the boy's parents; the girl's mother who, aiter a divorce, sets her cap for her daughter's beau, as well as an en-tire collection of absurd secondary situations.

Brooke Shields is the adolescent heroine. Her age is one with the girl she portrays, but she is more mature in appearance, easing the shock of a child love possessed. Martin Hewitt, a novice actor making his debut, is the boy lover. He looks the high-school student, but a less neurotic one than the role implies. The best performances are by others, with Beatrice Straight as the boy's mother, Richard Kiley as his father, Don Murray as the girl's irate parent and Shirley Knight as the girl's bohe-

mian mother. In contrast to "Breaking Away." also a study of American youth. "Endless Love" has a false ring. Its narrative meanders; it is utterly humorless, and its Romeo and Juliet emerge less as desperate children than monomaniacal zombies, indeed to such a degree that one wonders if they are on drugs. Among its other flaws the film is far too long, following the present Hollywood rule: if you can't be good, be lengthy. "Endless Love" is interminable. (At the Gaumont Champs-Elysées, the Victor Hugo and the 7 Parnassiens in English.)

"Man of Iron" by the Polish di-rector, Andrzej Wajda, was in-spired by the smoldering discontent in the Gdansk shipyards in August, 1980, and outlines the growing opposition to high-handed official rulings and harsh measures imposed to quash dissent.

Shooting a fictional scenario based on his observations. Wajda has given its realization at times a candid-camera quality of television reportage. His film had its prem-iere at the Cannes festival last May

Corot Work Stolen in U.S.

The Associated Press GREENSBURG, Pa. - A 19thcentury landscape by Jean-Baptiste Corot, with an estimated value of \$75,000, was stolen from the Westmoreland County Museum of Art, authorities reported.

before an excited audience, as it had been uncertain whether censorship would permit its showing. It was enthusiastically greeted and awarded the Palme d'Or as the foremost motion picture to have heen exhibited in competition. There are flashes of the early

Wajda's lyric melancholy — notably in a sequence in a cemetery at nightfall with candles flickering in the evening breeze - but the film is of another nature, a critique of a burning topical isssue and in techique of rush-order complexion. "Man of Iron" already concerns the past and Wajda, here for its public release, has voiced his disapproval of the recent exodus, though it might seem that it would be the subject of his next film. Instead he is engaged with the French Revolution and is prepar-ing a spectacle derived from "Dan-ton," a drama by the turn-of-thecentury Polish symbolist, Stan-islaw Przyszewski. ("Man of Iron," billed as "L'Homme de fer," is at the Gaumont Les Halles, Studio de la Harpe and La Pagode in Polish with French subtitles.)

Publishing

Evolution of New Edition Of Day's 'Simian World'

ter its initial appearance, Clarence Day's first book, "This Simian World," is being issued for the third time because Alfred A. Knopf, the patriarch of American book publishing who will be 89 years old on Sept. 12, thinks it's the car's pajamas; or, as he put it the other day, "still relevant to an understanding of the human ani-mal in New York, Washington or

Knopf, who, though retired, turns up at his old office now and then, said: "The book tells us that we're descended from monkeys, not elephants, and helps to explain what we are and how we behave. Watch people in a noisy restau-rant, with women gabbling, and you'll see what I mean. That's our

The points the book makes are satirical and enduring: Man has made a monkey of himself on earth, and buman monkey business hasn't gone out of style — not just yet. Day's small work embraces both the childish behavior of people and the jungle behavior

of governments. E.B. White, in a jacket endorsement, sums it up lightly: "The monkey in me has never been more clearly perceived - my curiosity, my love of chatter, my itch to know, my need to invent a god who will drop everything and turn his attention to me at bedtime, my strong streak of triviality, and my assumption that all was placed here on earth for my con-

The brief (55 pages) series of essays appeared at a time when the United States basked in the afterglow of World War I, the one that did not make the world safe for democracy. Day had not yet written his famous book, "Life With Father," which in play form, adapted by Howard Lindsay and Russel Crouse, ran forever on the Broadway stage in the World War II era.

Swiftian Warmup

magazine. Eastman had written a



book of poems, "Colors of Life," published by the House of Knopf in 1918, When Day showed the manuscript of "This Simian World" to him, Eastman suggested that he send it to Knopf.

By Michael Zwerin

MUNICH — It has been said that honesty and sensitivity brought Billie Holiday a difficult

personal life, a drug habit, money

"I'd rather go out like Billie,"

says Mal Waldron, "than rich

from selling out. I'd rather be ac-

cepted for what I've got in my

Waldron was Holiday's accom-

panist for the last two years of her

life. She taught him about space,

phrasing, the importance of words

"She sang the same way she

Waldron was sorting

spoke, the same pronunciation and

through his mail and taking care of

laundry in his studio apartment in Munich, his adopted home. He spends a few months a year here, a

few days at a time. "Billie was the

type of person who, if she didn't like you she'd say so right in front.

If she did she'd give you the shirt

He is convinced that she would

not have died so soon if she had

stayed in Europe instead of going

back to hostile New York after their tour together in 1958. Similar

drug-oriented disintegration was

happening to just about every mu-

sician he knew at that time, and

Degree in Composition

from Queens College, Long Island, and was writing for, as well as playing with people like John Coltrane, Donald Byrd, Teo Macero

and Max Roach. It was a living,

but just. Then his score for Shirley

Clarke's film "The Cool World"

impressed French director Marcel

Carné, who asked him to compose

one for his own "Three Rooms in

"Would you rather record here or Paris?" Carné asked. Waldron

That was 1965, and he soon found that "I didn't have to worry

about selling my music here, I just

and learned French, Italian came

with six months each in Rome and

Bologna. Following six cold months in Cologne, he found he preferred Munich, where he

He stayed in Paris for a year,

jumped at it. "Let's go to Paris."

He had a degree in composition

they were all as broke as he was.

problems and early death.

head than in the bank.

—and about honesty.

rhythm."

off her back."

"I accepted it immediately and thus began our friendship and the truly remarkable relationship between a writer and his publisher which lasted until his death in 1935," Knopf recently noted in the Yale University Library Gazette. Day had been a Yale man, in a varied career that included a partnership in Wall Street brokerage firm, posts as a publisher of a weekly in New Haven, comptroller of a small manufacturing business in Brooklyn and finally an illustrator and free-lance writer.

In an introduction to the second edition in 1968 that again appears here, the late Dean Acheson, former secretary of state, says that he used to take comfort during the boredom of foreign minister's meetings by reading Day's lines in the book: "Whatever a simian does, there must always be some talking about it. He can't even make peace without a kind of chatter called a peace conference. Supercats would not have had to 'make' peace: they would have just walked off and stopped fighting."
In "This Simian World," the au-

thor discusses several other birds and beasties before arriving at the monkey to help explain the human

Possible Forebears

"Bees or ants might have seemed more promising. In these orderly insects there was obviously a capacity for labor, and cooperative labor at that. In a civilization of super-ants or bees, there would have been no problem of the hungry unemployed, no poverty, no unstable government, no riots no strikes, no derision of eugenics, no thieves, perhaps no crime at all. Ants are good citizens: they place group interests first." Which eliminated them as forebears of the human race.

Day excludes tigers — too grace-ful; cats — too clean; leopards too suave; horses and deer - not bold enough; sheep — lacking in ambition; dogs — vassals, not rulers; elephants - wise, dignified, loyal, but with too much "live-andlet-live" in their natures to qualify as men whose way is "to kill good and bad, male and female and babies, till the last few survivors lie hidden away from our guns."

And so the author arrives at the monkey as man's example: "There is a strong streak of triviality in him. Every simian will wish to know all the news of the world but he'll forget what he's read the very next hour. We carry our hairy past with us wherever we go, running about, busy and active, marooned on this star, always violently struggling, yet with no clearly seen goal But Day ends on a slightly opti-

mistic, nonsimian note: "It is possible that our race may be an accident, in a meaningless universe, living its brief life uncared-for, on this dark, cooling star: but even so — and all the more — what mar-velous creatures we are! A universe capable of giving birth to so many such accidents - blind or not - is a good world to live in, a promising universe.

Pianist Mal Waldron

learned German despite the fact

that it became more home port

about anywhere I need to go in less

At 55, he has a full head of black hair with a gray patch over the forehead that seems to point to

his bright eyes. With an explosive

laugh, he explained his physical

shape, that of a young football player. "I make love a lot. You use

every muscle in your body, it's all functioning. And it's much more

Musical Sailor

Musically, too, he's like a sailor

with a girl in every port. He blocks out time for his different agents in

each country in advance, and they

can generally fill it. He travels

alone, playing the same basic cross-style mix of originals and

standards with different forma-

tions: "A steady group can become

rut. You know ahead of time

what they are going to say, so you

have your answers ready. Playing

with different people is more likely

Of the almost 200 albums he

had cut as leader and sideman, one

of the best known (and his own

personal preference) is "The

Quest," featuring some of his more

complex compositions, with the legendary Eric Dolphy, tenorman

Booker Ervin, and Ron Carter on

to lead to unexplored areas.

beautiful.

than two hours."

fun than jogging."

Mal Waldron's Quest for the Unexplored cello. "There was no real preparation. We rehearsed for an hour at most before the first take. The caliber of musicianship at that time [1961] was extremely high in New

But the caliber also demanded a high psychic and physical price. and Waldron left for greener, more peaceful fields. He had begun to return to the United States regularly only since 1979, when his mother died: "My father is 84 and lives all alone in his house in Queens. I go over once every six weeks or so to make sure he's okay and the bills are paid."

Price and Residence

As long as he is there anyway he has begun to work there again, touring both coasts with such peo-ple as Calvin Hill, Joe Henderson and Freddie Waits, and now works more frequently in New York than Munich. You should never work where you live. Your price comes down as soon as you become a local. Club owners figure if I was standing on line behind them in the supermarket this afternoon,

how can I be worth \$500 tonight?" Absence also makes journalistic heart fonder and there have been articles about him on the front page of Downbeat and in Leonard Feather's syndicated column within the last four months. "I'd never be getting these kind of write-ups if I lived in New York," Waldron said, leafing through a folder thick with recent clips: "Living in Europe has helped my reputation in the long run, not hurt it. I'm not taken for granted. People figure that when this guy comes in from Munich or outer space or some-place, he's only staying three or four days, better catch him while

Mal Waldron-Steve Lacy duo: Helsinki Jazz Festival, Aug. 27.



Along with Herbie Nichols and Randy Weston, Waldron is one of YOUR BEST BUY the few pianists of his generation who owes more to Thelonious Monk than Bud Powell. He had no nale diamonds at wholesale prio y ordering direct from Antwerp. he world's most important cut trouble adapting to the advent of liamond market. Give diamond free jazz in the late '50s because of o the ones you love, buy for his three years with Charles Mingus. "In 1954 Mingus was alnvestment, for your enjoyment: Write an mail for they price has ready telling us: 'We're not going Joachim Goldenstein to play chords now. just moods. Follow me and put your moods in and we'll make something

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Rains Flood Indian State The Associated Press

NEW DELHI — Three days of heavy rains and the flooding Ganges River have swamped 500 villages in the northern state of Ut-tar Pradesh, leaving tens of thou-sands of people homeless, the United News of India says. The report Monday said the city of Allahahad was knee-deep in water and it quoted officials as saying many thousands of citizens were marconed in the city.

By Turks on Secret Charge his trial in an Ankara court on Sept. 11. The prosecution is the first in memory to be brought against a foreign journalist. Mr. Munir is a citizen of Cyprus.

ANKARA - The Ankara correspondent for BBC's Turkish service, Metin Munir, is to be tried in The space is blank in the summons that would ordinarily have given details of the charge. Lawan Ankara criminal court next month -- but authorities refuse to vers here say, however, that the against him or even the nature of case will be tried in a criminal court, which means the minimum term if there is a conviction would Camci, who called Mr. Munir in

be five years or more.

Meanwhile, journalist Nahit
Durn was questioned Monday by
martial law authorities about a rebe five years or more. cent article in his magazine, Arazis Mr. Duru, who succeeded former Premier Bulent Ecevit as the magazine's editor, could face a iail term if efforts to prosecute him go ahead and he is convicted. Last week another Turkish jour-

to kill Armenians in retaliation nalist, Lutfu Oflaz, entered prison to begin serving an 18-month term for a single scatence he wrote in May 1980, demanding closure of ropean cities.
The circular containing the threat was sent to all foreign correthe ultrarightist Nationalist Action Turkey's ruling military government is known to be unhappy at some aspects of its international image and is particularly worried that the BBC Turkish service has

Curfew Declared After India Riots

NEW DELHI - Anthorities have proclaimed a round-the-clock curfew in the western city of Ahmednagar after bloody Hindu-Moslem rioting, the United News of India reported.

Dozens of people were reported injured, some critically, as mem-bers of the rival religious communities fought running street battles with bricks, stones and knives in the city of 200,000 located 130 miles east of Bombay.

UM said noting began Sunday evening after some Moslems objected to a Hindu religious procession. The police, using clubs and tear gas charged rioting mobs that rought nightlong pitched battles,

ance in sex hormones. "We found homosexuality is deep-seated and not something that one chooses to be or not to be," Dr. Alan Bell, senior author of the two-volume study to be published by Indiana University Press,

The study was conducted by the at Indiana University, where the vealing reports on male and female If the new study holds up, it could have significant impact. It rejects the usual belief that homo-

sexuality is generally caused by some early influence, such as a neering or seductive mother or a

and it well may be biological the result, perhaps, of an imbal-

said Monday.

May Bring Changes

uct of family or society.
"If it's a basic hormonal thing,"
he said, the implication is that

Homosexuality as "the natural order" for some, he said, may necessitate far-reaching changes in law and in church doctrine, much of which views homosexuality as a crime or a sin, as well as in psychology, which views it as a prod-

"one cannot legislate against a state over which a person has no It maintains, instead, that control." Parents and society, he

homosexuality is usually, though not necessarily always, a deeply rooted trait present from infancy, and it well may be biological velopmental history. be "swimming against their de-velopmental history."

All these statements are certain to be challenged. Dr. William Masters and Virginia Johnson, the sex researchers, said two years ago that a study of more than 300 homosexual men and women had convinced them that homosexuality is neither illness nor biochemical disorder, but rather a "learned behavior" that two out of three homosexuals can unlearn.

> Psychiatrists have classically linked much homosexuality to unwitting parental influence.
>
> "As hard as we tried," the usual theories "didn't work out," said

> Martin Weinberg of the Kinsey In-The Indiana group, financed by the government's National Insutute of Mental Health, interviewed homosexuals and 477 heterosexuals in the San Francisco area

in 1969 and 1970. Some Findings

The results, as the Indianans • Homosexuality can't be traced back to any single psychological or social event or background but is a "very deeply root-

ed set of impulses and yearnings
... needs and feelings."

• Heterosexuals — but not homosexuals - usually show early gender conformity. Boys throw balls, girls play with dolls. This is not universal, however. Only a third of heterosexual women said they were "highly feminine" as girls. A fourth of the heterosexual

too, were non-conforming boys.

But for homosexual men, gender non-conformity — feelings of not belonging, of apathy or dislike toward boys' play and a liking for girls' — was the No. 1 predictor of their later sexual orientation.

And "tomboyism" or something along the it was the second leading close to it was the second leading predictor for homosexual women.

Homosexual involvement in adolescence was the leader. • The signs, Dr. Bell said, show up "as early as four or five years of age." But homosexual development is often slow. Young homosexuals usually do not even have fewer dates with the opposite sex. They just find they enjoy them

• Effeminate men and masculine women are most conspicuous among homosexuals, and they are the most likely to be the product of biological rather than social influence, but there is no single homosexual archetype. For instance, while 44 percent of homosexual men in the Kinsey group's sample were effeminate in manner, "macho" men can be homosexual as well. Nor was gentleness or effeminance in manner necessarily an indication of homosexuality in men. Neither does the stereotype of a

ily reflect homosexuality in wom-Dr. Masters has estimated that there are as many as 21 million homosexuals in the American population, and one adult male in three and one women in five at some time has had a homosexual experience.

hard dominating woman necessar-

By Herbert Mitgang New York Times Service

EW YORK - Sixty years af-

simian heritage.

"This Simian World," seemed to be a Swiftian warmup for Day's future work. Knopf recalled how the book had been brought to him under the auspices of Max Eastman, who had been associated with Floyd Dell and other contributors to The Liberator, a Socialist



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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Aug. 25

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Page 7 Wednesday, August 26, 1981 **

Despite Divisions, OPEC Still Stands

Les Angeles Times Service
GENEVA — OPEC's failure to agree on a unified price for oil is, on balance, good news for the industrial world. But speculation about the possible death of OPEC is premature.

It is true that OPEC is viewed by some as a group of 13 squabbling countries, splintered by political and ideological disputes, with two of its members in a state of war with each other. As it burches from meeting to meeting in its 21st year, no longer able to reach a consensus, its usefulness and effectiveness are on the wane and its future seems to be in doubt.

This is not, however, the way OPEC views itself. Nor is it the way its more sophisticated

and experienced internationally minded leaders see its future and its role.

To begin with, it is by far the most powerful of any Third World organization — the equivalent of the industrial world's Organization for Economic Consension and Therefore and T Economic Cooperation and Development.

OPEC's role is not nearly as broad as the

OECD's, but it does have its own economic aid program, its own common statistical service, its own growing secretariat and the ma-chinery for consultation and decision-making and OPEC's common interest is the world oil market, and with that market now in decline, OPEC is beginning to realize that it is going to be more important than ever to stick together.

New Ball Game

Despite the failure to reach agreement here last week, it was clear that OPEC's members all recognize they are in a new economic ball game and that the halcyon days of soaring demand and soaring prices are gone — at least for now. But in the end, the problem was more political than economic. Members were unwilling to admit defeat by market forces and so

could not agree on a price cut.
In the colorful expression of Iranian Oil Minister Mohammed Gharazi, whose refusal to go along with a cut in the base price of oil to \$34 a barrel blocked a new consensus: "Oil is

By Akihiro Sato

AP-Dow Jones

are a little nervous these days

when trade statistics come out, and

they have good reason: the trade balance, which went back into the black last September for the first

time since June, 1980, has continued to snowball and has raised

fears of fresh trade friction with

Alarmed at the fast pace of ex-

port growth, Finance Ministry of-

ficials have started considering

"emergency measures" to boost imports and restore a semblance of

Fears that trade friction may

flare up once again may well be justified. In July, according to

Finance Ministry statistics, Ja-

pan's exports on the basis of cus-

toms clearance went up 18.8 per-cent from a year before to \$13.6

billion - the third largest on

record. Imports, on the other

hand, eased 2.9 percent to \$12.07 billion. As a result, Japan achieved a surplus of \$1.528 billion, the

but it was the only shortfall this

year. The balance has remained in

surplus has been growing. It was \$1 million in May but by June had

According to an estimate made

at congressional hearings earlier

this summer by U.S. Commerce

Secretary Malcolm Baldrige, the

U.S. trade deficit with Japan could

climb to \$13 billion this year, up from \$9.9 billion in 1980 and sur-

pass the 1978 peak of \$11.6 billion.

nese government is sticking to pro-

iections made at the start of the

year of an overall trade surplus of \$8 billion and a current-account a

deficit of \$6 billion. Finance Min-

istry officials concede, however,

that it may be necessary to revise

Private-sector economists are

now coming up with radically dif-ferent projections. Tetsuo Yagi, joint general manager of the eco-

nomics department at Sumitomo.

Bank, for one, forecasts that the

current account may show a sur-plus of \$6 billion, and possibly as

much as \$10 billion, in the fiscal

year ending next March. The trade

balance, he says, may register a surplus of about \$22 billion.

sues involved specific products

Frictions with other countries may gradually surface," he com-ments. Though the past trade is-

On the surface at least, the Japa-

jumped to \$1.47 billion.

Last January, the trade balance showed a deficit of \$2.482 billion. Bearing 163/4%

largest this year.

the United States and Europe.

TOKYO - Japanese officials

the blood of our people and we will not allow it to be squandered by Western imperialists." Yet when this kind of rhetoric was taken out of the discussions, the experts from the member countries who have to market the oil amid glut and recession were consistently close to agreement. As a member of the OPEC score-tariat put it, "We were in agreement at the expects' level within a matter of very small amounts, but it then became a question of whether we were to decide questions of eco-

nomics or politics." The Saudi Arabian oil minister, Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani commented, "At one point, I left the meeting for half an hour to telephone the government and say that it

NEWS ANALYSIS

looked as if we had agreement, but when I came back it was not on. We all knew what the price should be when we discussed economics

Sheikh Yamani and the Saudis lost a battle in Geneva for a unified price structure, built around a Saudi market crude price of \$34 a barrel. Nevertheless, the Saudis are well on their way to winning the oil price war within OPEC. Their offer to go up \$2 a barrel to \$34 is no longer on the table, and Sheikh Yamani announced that the Saudi price will remain at \$32 a barrel at least until the end of 1982.

As a result, two opposing theories of the fu-ture of the oil market will be put to the test in the next 12 months — the emotional Iranian approach and the logical Saudi approach. As far as Iran is concerned — and Iran is supported with ideological enthusiasm by Li-

supported with ideological entities and plants by and, to a lesser extent Algeria, the course is clear: Cut production, engineer a world oil shortage and keep prices high.

But Sheikh Yamani has argued for two years or more that in this free-for-all the OPEC

members have been pricing themselves out of the market. It is high prices, he contends, that

biles, the problem this time, if one

Another reason is a persistent

fall in the crude oil imports. Cou-

pled with the slow pace of the re-covery and the huge stockpiles,

France to Offer

Investors Bond

New York Times Service

government of Socialists and Com-

munists Tuesday offered investors

a generous 16%-percent coupon on

its first state loan, which will have a life of six years. This is believed to be the highest rate of interest a

French government has ever paid

The loan, for 8 billion francs (roughly \$1.3 billion), is intended

to test the waters for the heavy

borrowing program the govern-

to borrow from its citizens.

materializes, may lead to a review of overall trade relations, he says.

are causing the oil glut, and not increased Sau-di production at \$32 a barrel.

He points to the fact that coal, which is 40percent cheaper than oil at present prices, is making a major comeback, with even the Japa-nese switching to coal-fueled power stations. Although construction of nuclear energy facili-ties is slowing down because of general eco-nomic conditions in the industrial world, nuclear power is 20-percent cheaper than oil when on stream, Sheikh Yamani says.

Shelkir's Message

Moreover, it is clear that oil consumption is down not just because of recession in the in-dustrial world — but because of savings and sistance to high prices. Finally, OPEC, which held about 70 percent of the world's oil export market 10 years ago, is now down to less than 55 percent. North Sea oil, Mexican oil and other marginal but important finds outside the OPEC area mean that its members no longer

have the world over a barrel. So Sheikh Yaman's message is this: If you want to sell oil, bring the price down. If you want to retain oil's share of the world energy market, bring the price down. If you want to end the oil glut, bring the price down so customers will buy. If you want the West to get out of recession and the oil market to start to

expand again, bring the price down.

Everybody seemed to get the message in Ge-

Nigeria Asks for Meeting

LONDON — Nigeria is asking representa-tives of major oil companies to a series of meetings on prices and production this week. oil industry sources in London said Tuesday. Oil company supply executives say they would not be surprised if Nigeria cut its high price of around \$40 a barrel, possibly to \$36.50, following OPEC's failure last week to

reunify its price structure.

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local

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Now faced with similar prossures to boost imports are needed.

cy import measures" into force. ment plans this year and next as it seeks to finance its Keynesian plan to reflate the economy out of the world recession in a non-inflation-By pitching the interest rate in line with the cost of one-year moninto the foreign reserves.

ey on the Paris money market last week, bankers say the government is clearly anxious to make the loan a success and establish its own credit worthiness in the eyes of the investing public.

Initial market reaction to the terms appeared favorable, with several bankers saying the interest

rate was higher than expected and comfortably above France's 14percent inflation rate. However, they also pointed out the return being offered suggests the government has little confidence the rate of inflation will come down in the forseeable future.

Growing Trade Surplus Worries Japanese such as color TVs and automo-biles, the problem this time, if one percent below the year before. By contrast, exports of such products as video-tape recorders, color TVs, ships, machine tools

A major trading house puts the and textiles have been booming. current-account surplus at \$4 hil-lion for the fiscal year and the trade surplus at \$19.5 billion. Foreign currency fluctuation are another contributing factor. I is feared that the yen's substantial drop in July and early August will "There's no way the current account will show a deficit now," an help push the trade balance deeper into the black. economist there says.

A main reason for the snowball-

Facing these prospects, govern-ment officials, who only recently ing trade surplus is the slow pace of Japan's economic recovery. Escame out of a series of tough nego-tiations that led to promises to pecially weak is domestic demand, which has served to reduce the imhold down car exports to the Unitports of raw materials and goods. A drawn-out slump in housing construction, for example, has led to a 36.7 percent year-to-year decline in lumber imports. ed States, Canada and some European countries, are readying them-selves to meet the possibility of a fresh outbreak of tension.

Analysts po periences ind ton starts d cit approache trade. This v when the Ur an import sur 1977, when p television exports resulted in a Japanese government pledge to hold

down shipments for three years. are studying whether special mea-

The Japanese press reported recently that the government may spend about \$3 billion importing various products including air-craft, uranium, crude oil for stockpiling purposes and medical equipment in an attempt to trim the surplus. The amount equals the money the government earmarked in 1978, the last time it put "emergen-

In carrying out the step this time around, however, the Finance Ministry may have to overcome objections from inside the government. Opponents claim that the government cannot afford to dip

Meanwhile, the Japanese government decision to restrain car exports to the United States for three years has not entirely stilled. cries of protest against this coun-try's restrictive trade policy, and analysts say the growing trade surplus may serve as a trigger for Washington to mount another campaign to pressure Tokyo into lifting more trade barriers. Al-William Brock, the U.S. Trade Representative, has asked Japan for talks on such issues as agricultural products, high technology and investment.

COMPANY REPORTS

t	Bapk of	Montreal	
•	3rd Quar.	1981	1980
	Profits	94.0	66.8
	Per Share	7.67	1.22
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	Hong Kong		
•	Hongkong & Sh		nkiog
	1st Half	1981	1980
	Profits	690 <u>.69</u>	514.02
	Per Share	0.48	0.36
•	•		
Ł	Netherlands		
	INGILIERICANOS		

United States

200 Quer.	1981	198
Revenue	857.2	770,
Profits	11.55	8.6
Per Share	0.75	0.5
1st Half	1987	198
Revenue	1,670.	1,490
Profits	21.77	17.4
Per Share	1,41	1.3
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De	ere	
3rd Quar.	1981	198
Revenue	1,470.	1,370
Profits	67.1	27.
Per Share	0.99	0.4

Per Share ..

1981 398.5 25.4 1.00 1981 1.160. 70.61 2.75

China Set To Pay Back Mitsubishi

Compensation Accord Over Steel Project

Reuters
TOKYO — China has agreed to
compensate Japan's Mitsubishi industrial group for canceling a con-tract to build a steel rolling mill at Baoshan near Shanghai, Mitsu-

bishi said Tuesday.

The company did not say how much the compensation was but trading sources said it would be about 9 billion yen (\$39 million), about half what the Japanese company had sought.

The compensation agreement was signed after seven months of was signed and seven infinite or negotiations between Mitsubishi and China's National Technical Import Corp. The Japanese group won the 85-billion-yen order for the mill in August last year.

China initially proposed canceling the order as part of its policy of curtailing outside industrial contracts while it adjusts its economy. It later sought a five-year sus-pension but Mitsubishi insisted on cancellation. Mitsubishi acted as chief negotiator for the group con-sisting of Mitsubishi Heavy Indus-tries, Mitsubishi Electric and Mit-

Mitsubishi said negotiations were settled because China had understood that it would be unwise to postpone construction of the mill by five years as machinery and technology would be outdated. by the time construction resumed.

German Negotiations

In Bonn, meanwhile, Schloemann-Siemag announced it is con-tinuing negotiations with China on the suspension in February of a 1.3-billion Deutsche mark order for construction at Baoshan.

A company spokesman said the talks are not about possible com-pensation for the group led by Siemag as the order has not been canceled, but rather in what form the proposed contract could go

Oil Discoveries Reported off U.K. And Indonesia

LONDON - Substantial oil finds in the British North Sea and off Indonesia were reported Tues-

The British National Oil Corp. said oil had been discovered at an exploration well in the British North Sea, 100 miles east of Peterhead, Scotland. The company said the well flowed at a rate of 4,400 barrels per day. The well was drilled by Conoco (UK) using a semi-submersible rig under an reement that has earned Conoco an interest in the BNOC operated block. Further studies will be required to evaluate the commercial

From Findlay, Ohio, Marathon Oil said a delineation well off the coast of Indonesia flowed at a cumulative rate of 11.242 barrels of oil and 6.3 million cubic feet of natural gas a day. Marathon said its Marathon Petroleum Indonesia unit completed the well about three quarters of a mile northnorthwest of its successful KH-1X discovery well on the Kakap block.

potential of the discovery.

The well, which was drilled to a total depth of 7,175 feet, was tested at three intervals with an interval between 6,400 feet and 6,450 feet flowing 7,071 barrels of oil and 3.7 million cubic feet of gas

Marathon's Indonesia unit is operator of the well. Marathon and Hudson's Bay Oil & Gas each hold a 41.67 percent interest in the well. Coastal Corp. has a 16.67 percent

U.S. Prices Up 1.2% in July

By Caroline Atkinson

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — High interest rates and rising food costs sent U.S. consumer prices soaring at an annual rate of 15.2 percent last month, the highest monthly increase since the spring of 1980, the Bureau of Labor Statistics report-

ed Tuesday.

News of the 1.2-percent monthly increase in the consumer price index sent bond market prices plummeting further, although the July rise almost certainly overstates the underlying rate of inflation. Housing costs, which many analysts believe distort the index, jumped by 1.6 percent in July under the impact of rising mortgage interest

Bond and stock prices have slid this week on fears of continued

high interest rates. [A White House spokesman said President Reagan was not dismayed by the consumer price figures, Reuters reported from Santa Barbara, Calif. Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes said. "The president's economic recovery program is long-term and we expect it to take effect in the next few

months." [He said the administration stands by its forecast that the final inflation rate for the year will not exceed 9.9 percent.]

The Reagan administration had predicted a bond market rally and falling interest rates in response to the president's economic program.

However, financial markets do not believe that President Reagan

Dollar Firm. Gold Weaker

NEW YORK — The dollar was maintaining its firmness Tuesday after closing higher in Europe on the belief that U.S. interest rates will remain high. Gold's price con-tinued downward, shedding about

\$11 an ounce. The dollar was quoted in after-noon trading in New York at 2.5040 Deutsche marks, compared with an opening 2.5100 DM and Monday's close of 2.4895 DM. Sterling firmed to \$1.8250 from an \$1.8240 opening but was below Tuesday's \$1.8430 close.

Dealers said the dollar's strength was limited by the easing in the federal funds rate. Trading was described as fairly thin and

In London, the dollar rose on short-covering, dealers said, clos-ing at 2.5030 DM after opening at 2.4890 DM and Tuesday's close of 2.4750 DM. Sterling weakened to \$1.8250 from an opening of \$1.8395 and a \$1.8598 close Mon-

Gold in New York was trading at around \$408 an ounce, compared with Monday's close of \$423 Monday. In London, it closed at \$410 an ounce, up on its low of \$405.50, but around \$10 Monday's close.

cuts passed by Congress. The federal deficit for 1982 and later years is expected by most outsiders to exceed by far the administration's

forecasts. In addition, interest rates are being pushed up by the squeeze between a very tight money policy, designed to fight inflation, and a

still relatively strong economy.

The return to double digit inflation last month is not expected to be long lasting, an administrapion source said Tuesday. "The under-lying rate is probably between 8 percent and 9 percent," a spokes-man for the Council of Economic Advisers said, adding, "just as we did not emphasize the low rates recorded earlier this year as being reflective of the basic trend, so we believe July is above trend."

An index which calculates housing in a different way, estimating a rental equivalent to the cost of owning a home, showed a rise after

in July, rather than the 1.2 percent on the regular CPL On a 12-month basis this index was up by 9.6 percent from July 1980, rather than the 10.7 percent shown by the regular CPI.

However, it is clear that consumer price inflation has speeded up from the very low rates expenenced earlier this year. The CPI rose by only 0.4 percent in April, and by 0.7 percent in May and June. On the numbers adjusted for housing, the monthly changes have crept upward from 0.4 percent in

May and 0.6 percent in June. A long-expected rise in food prices has begun to have effect. The food and beverage component of the CPI was up by 0.8 percent last month compared with a rise of only 0.2 percent in June and a decline in May.

Transportation costs also rose sharply in July. A 0.8-percent in-crease followed one of only 0.3

Most NYSE Prices Off; Blue Chips Rally Late

From Agency Disputches
NEW YORK — Prices on the
New York Stock Exchange were mostly lower, though a late rally among blue chips lifted the Dow

Jones industrial average marginally. Trading was fairly active.
The Dow industrial average. which plunged 20.46 points Monday over concern that interest rates will remain high, was ahead 1.72 points to close at 901.83. However, most other indices were down, and

declines swamped advances by about a 12-to-3 margin. Volume rose to about 54.6 million shares from 46.7 million Mon-

Monte Gordon of Dreyfus Corp. attributed the firming of the blue chips to technical factors such as bargain-hunting rather than a significant change in direction for he market.

Analysis said high interest rates and rising inflation are still pres-suring the market. Those pressures were reinforced by news that con-sumer prices in July rose an unex-pectedly high 1.2 percent, bringing the annual inflation rate back to double digits.

Credit Markets Steady

Also, the heavy trading volume and large number of block trades indicate increased institutional activity in the market. Robert Stovall of Dean Witter Reynolds noted that institutional investors are generally more interest-rate sensitive than individuals. Block trades of 10,000 or more shares totalled 856 compared with 617 Monday and 585 on Friday.

The credit markets were basically little changed, although Treasury bill vields were slightly lower because of a drop in the federal funds rate, dealers said. Fed funds fell to 17 percent from 17% percent at the opening without any thier vention from the Federal Reserve.

The 91-day Treasury bill closed at a yield of about 15.725 percent compared with an average 15.832 percent at Monday's auction, while the half-year Treasury closed at 15.775 percent against an average 15.854 percent Monday.
The benchmark Treasury 13%s

of 2011 were being quoted at 95%, unchanged from Monday's close. Bond prices had recovered losses of up to one point that followed news of a greater than expectedt rise in the July consumer prices. Dealers said the lower levels had spurred some short-covering, but

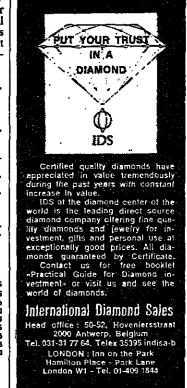
beyond that there was little activi-**Tandy Active**

On the NYSE trading floor, Cities Service led the actives, gaining 1 to close at 614. Tandy Corp. rose 4 to 29%; Exxon 4 to 33 and IBM 14 to 56. AT&T fell 114 to

Reliance Group was lower most of the day. The Interstate Com-merce Commission has filed suit to block Reliance from increasing its current 19.2 percent in Tiger International without its authorization.

On the Amex. Dome Petroleum gained 1% to 16% while Wang Laboratories class B lost % to 27%. Gulf Oil of Canada was up 1 In other corporate news, Asam-

era Inc. said it plans to purchase through the Toronto and American Stock Exchanges as many as 370,000 of its shares, about 5 percent of the total outstanding, between Sept. 7 and Sept. 6, 1982.



CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for Aug. 25, 1981, excluding bank service charges.

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90.02* e.14* 115.16*
5.0608 74.55* 3.9643
468.90 30.973 572.60
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216.10* 14.732* 276.00*
78.05* 5.325* --2.7978 41.0382 2.1892 D.K. 35.42 * 5.195 31.90 * 14.284 158.83 0.1271 76.67 * 37.49 * F.F. H.L 46.35 ° 0.2229 6.79 ° 1.2715 ° 41.49 ° 2.012 × 10.9265 ° 2.272.50 207.60 ° 0.0003 ° — 4.823 × 36.245 ° 0.7745 D.M. 111.02° 16.2755 45615 498.24 0.2993 0239.75° 86.85° 2.273.50 1.625 10.968 3.965 6.0425 1,254.29 Equiv. 0.4617 0.9469 0.0079 0.1884 0.0264 0.0435 0.2772 Isroeli stekel 12.4 Japanese ven 229.85 Kuwalii dinor 0.284 Madov. rinopel 2.374 Norw. Isrone 6.1675 Phil. pesa 7.5975 Port. escusio 67.00 Saudi rivat 1.4215 S.D.R. 1.7248 Australien S 0.8706
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Spalglan fin, franc 44.05
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Denish brone 7.8425
Finnish mork 4.8245
Greek drachma 61.90
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£Sterling: 1.2508 Irish £

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.



Central Finance Co., Ltd.

£10,000,000

61 per cent. Convertible Bonds 1996 Issue price 100 per cent.

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. **Tokai Kyowa Morgan Grenfell Limited**

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KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO CO., LTD.

(Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha)

imcorporated with limited liability under the Commercial Code of Japans

£15,000,000

61 per cent. Convertible Bonds 1996

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

IBJ International Limited

Nomura International Limited

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Aug. 25

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AAC Closing Prices, August 24, 1981 INTERNATIONAL **INCOME FUND** provides the following choice of investments: Short Term 'A' Units Exclusively invested in US Dollar instruments with maturities less than 12 months. Short Term 'B' Units Invested in instruments denominated in the SDR currencies and Swiss Francs with maturities less than 12 months. Both redeemable without charge on 3 days notice Long Term Units Total sales 6,703,525 shares A balanced portfolio of Floating Rate Notes Eurobonds and Euroconvertibles Redeemable at net asset value. less 1 . on "days" notice. Closing prices, Aug. 25, 1981 Trustee: Midland Bank Trust Company (Channel Islands) Limited Coppon Next
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185716 ADVERTISEMENT MARUBENI CORPORATION (CDR's) Referring to the advertisement in this paper of March 16th. 1981 the undersigned annuances that the original shares from 5% free distribution have been received. As from September 2nd. 1981 one new CDR Marubeni Corporation cann op.no. 17 s.c.a. and talon will be available at Kus-Associatie N.V., against delivery of 20 div.eps.no. 15 of CDRs Marubeni Corporation. Corporation.

After 30.9.1981 the equivalent of the CDRs, which have not been claimed by the hilders of discipling. 15 will be sold.

The proceeds, after deduction of expenses, will be held in cash at the disposal of said

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Further the undersigned announces that as from September 2nd, 1981 at Kas-As-yeattle V.V., Spinstraat 172 in Amsterdam, div.ep.no. 16 (accompanied by an "Affidavit") of the CDRs Marubeni Corporation each repr. 150 shs., will be payable with Dfls. 4.59 net. (div. per recedite 31.3.1981; gross Yen 3.0.5h.) after deduction of 15% Japanese tas = Yen 67.5 = Dfls. ...81 per CDR. Without an Affidavit 20% Japanese tas 90.0 = Dfls. 1.089 will be deducted. After 31.10.1981 the div. will only be paid under deduction of 20% Japanes with Dfls. 4.32 net, in accordance with the Japanese with the Dils. 4.32 net, in accordance with the Japa-

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY
COMPANY N.V.
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Montreal Stocks

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NOTIFICATION

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Equity on

\$100,000.00

Equity on

\$251,651.23

TAPMAN is a wholly owned subsidiary of Balfour, Maclaine International LTD.

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AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V. am. 20th August 1981.

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Floating Rate Note Issue of U.S.8125 million February 1979/91

The rate of interest applicable for the six months period beginning on August 22, 1981 and set by the reference agent is 191/2% annually.

Bonn Meets Resistance On Auto Plan

Big Firms Fight Rules On Emissions, Mileage

By John Tagliabue New York Times Service

BONN - West Germany's automakers are resisting measures sought by the government to tighten emissions standards and cut fuel consumption.

The industry says the govern-ment-backed changes would add to the troubles it is already facing from falling sales at a time of recession and heightened international competition.

To seek a compromise over the government's demands, industry and government officials agreed last month to appoint a committee

of experts to examine the differences and report back next spring.

In June, Bonn proposed to its partners in the EEC that emissions standards be reduced 50 percent from 1978 levels by 1985, and that fuel efficiency be increased 15 per-

To bolster its arguments, the government presented a paper list-ing technological advances, such as improved carburetor and fuel injection systems, new ignition and airflow units, and catalytic converters that it said could achieve the tighter goals.

Officials privately cited a study done by Porsche in 1978 that, they said, showed that lower emissions and higher fuel efficiency are achievable by the mid-1980s.

Industry executives disagree. They say the Porsche study actually supports the industry. The study concludes, they say, that improvement can be be achieved only by using devices like catalytic converters.

"This means, usually, a deterioration of motor capabilities," the study said, leading to increased fuel consumption. The study noted that Porsches sold in the United States with converters had reduced emissions volume by 80 to 90 percent, but at the expense of 15 to 20 percent greater fuel consumption than comparable models sold in Europe without converters.

At the heart of the technical discussion is the difficulty of using catalytic converters because of the presence of lead in European gasoline. The lead, used to reduce engine knock, attacks the active platinum used in converters, rendering the costly devices ineffective after several thousand miles. Last month, Interior Minister

Gerhart Baum called in the heads of Volkswagen, Daimler-Benz, Adam Opel, Ford and Bayerische Motoren Werke, as well as two of the biggest truck makers and a major automotive electrical manufacturer, and asked them to agree to the goals on a voluntary basis.

The executives responded with an 80-page reply developed by the industry association. They argued that the technology was not available to permit the emissions cuts without sacrificing fuel efficiency.

National Semi Drops 'Bubble'

By Andrew Pollack

New York Times Service NEW YORK - National Semiconductor Corp. is withdrawing from the bubble memory business, becoming the third U.S. electronics company this year to drop out of a market that was once viewed as extremely promising.

The decision, announced Monday, follows withdrawals by Rockwell International and Texas Instruments earlier this year and leaves Intel Corp. as the only U.S. company with a major effort in bubble memories, which are tiny magnetic film devices that store data in computers. Intel's marketing manager for magnetic bubbles, Stewart Sando, said that the move by National Semiconductor "doesn't change our plans one iota."

Several Japanese and European companies produce the devices, and Motorola has a limited effort in magnetic bubble production.

Sales Under \$1 Million

National Semiconductor's president, Charles Sporck, said in a statement that the action had been taken to keep spending in line with sales, and since the bubble memory business is not projected to reach previously anticipated levels."

The company, which announced its bubble memory effort three years ago but has been selling

the devices for less than a year, said its sales in that area were less than \$1 million annually. The move comes during a period of retrench-ment for National Semiconductor, which, like

other semiconductor companies, has had to face

low prices for memory chips, coupled with re-duced demand, particularly in Europe. Last week the company said earnings in the current quarter would be "marginal at best." Earlier, it had announced that its semiconductor op-erations would be closed for eight days in August, September and December. The company earned

\$12.6 million in the fiscal quarter ended May 31, down from \$13.9 million a year ago. "I think they're fighting red ink," said James Berdell, an analyst with Montgomery Securities in

San Francisco. He said dropping bubble memo-nes would help trim expenses but it would not be

a significant move by the company. "In the list of items having a financial impact on the company, I don't think that's high." he said.

For the electronics industry, the announcement cast further doubt on the potential for bubble memories, which were once touted as competition for both of the main types of computer memory

storage — semiconductor memory chips and magnetic disks. Semiconductor chips, smaller than a fingernail, are a compact and efficient means to store inforare a compact and efficient means to store intor-mation, but they generally lose their memory when the current goes off. Magnetic disks main-tain their memory in a power failure and are cheaper than chips per bit of information stored, but they are big and sometimes unreliable. Mag-netic bubbles, in which memory is recorded in tiny areas of a magnetic film, are tiny, extremely rugged and maintain their memory in a power

But the costs of both semiconductor and mag-netic disk storage have plunged rapidly, while bubble memory technology has been difficult to master. "The market was overestimated, and the difficulty of entry was underestimated," said Ben-jamin Rosen, an industry analyst.

Mr. Rosen said bubble memories would have limited applications in place of disks, for example, in portable computer terminals, in which small size is desired, or in numerically controlled machine tools or airborne computers, where rugged-

ness is desired. But the market instead of being measured in the billions of dollars annually once predicted by bubble memory proponents would be at most in the hundreds of millions by the middle of the decade, Mr. Rosen said.

According to Mr. Sando, the market for bubble memories worldwide is \$50 million this year and would double by 1982. He said that his company would benefit by picking up the business left by the three companies that have dropped out of the

Banks Upgrade Turkey's Creditworthiness

ANKARA - Bankers appear to be taking a more positive view of Turkey's économic situation as its radical recovery program intro-duced last year continues to show encouraging results.

The new mood is reflected in Turkey's success in securing, apparently with little difficulty, a 200-million bridging loan from three major Western banks and \$100 million in export prefinancing from Arab banks in the last

In addition, government negoti-ators are in sight of agreement to delay repayment of \$3.2 billion of debts to international commercial banks, easing the burden on the strapped economy, banking sourc-

Growth and balance of payments forecasts for 1981 indicate a considerable improvement on dismal results in the last few years, and the government is confident that inflation will drop to below 40 percent in 1981 from 100 percent

4-Percent Growth Seen

"The strains are now easing. The economic policy we have been fol-lowing is starting to bear fruit," said Premier Bulend Ulusu at a recent press conference.

Deputy Premier Turgut Ozal, architect of the government's free-

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policies adopted in January 1980, said last weekend that growth this year is expected to be above 4 percent. This compares with 3 percent estimated at the beginning of the year, and two previous years of egative growth.

The economic reform program has been continued since the imposition of military rule last September, squeezing demand with tight money policies while removing import quotas and freeing interest rates as part of a general liberaliza-

Mr. Ozal, speaking to business-men in Istanbul, said exports would reach \$4.5 billion this year, up 50 percent on 1980 and \$1 billion more than originally forecast. He said remittances from work-

ers abroad plus other foreign exchange income, such as that from tourism, would total about \$4 billion. The import bill for the year is expected to be about \$8.75 billion,

Turkey's planners expect that foreign aid will easily cover the

payments deficit.

A \$200 million bridging loan, signed in early August with Morgan Guaranty, Citibank and Union Bank of Switzerland, was to tide the country over until a simi-lar sum is due to be released by the International Monetary Fund this

The IMF aid, two installments

this summer, has been held un pending ratification of newly negotiated economic criteria to be set by the Turkish government, the banking sources said.

The interest rate of 1 percentage point over the London interbank offered rate on Eurodollar funds is 0.5 percentage point lower than the rate set for a similar bridging loan secured last year against \$200 million of West German aid. The agreement for \$100 million

of export prefinancing signed with Libyan Arab Bank in Tripoli and funded as well by a number of other Arab banks is a new venture for Turkey, the sources said. They said it was the first time Turkey had entered into such a deal, which calls for repayment to be made in the form of exports by the

state tobacco organization.

The sources said only about five of the 260 Western banks have yet to agree to terms on postponing re-payments on a total of \$3.2 billion of debts from 1979, many of which were rescheduled in that year.

At talks in London, the other banks had accepted extending the repayment period to 10 years from seven, and the grace period to five years from three. Turkey's request for a reduction in the interest-rate spread over Libor to 1.5 percentage point from 1.75 was not accepted, but the deal was expected to be scaled next month, the sourc-



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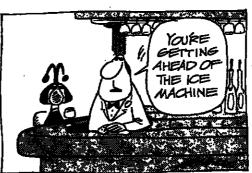
















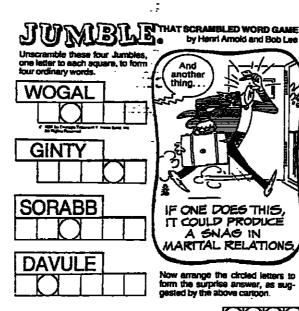








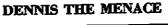




Print answer here: Jumbies: ONION LISLE HOURLY SKEWER

Imprimé par P.I.O. · I, Boulevard Ney, 75018 Paris

Answer: What she didn't like about the Peeping Tom—HIS "LOOKS"





"I COULD SPEND THE REST OF MY LIFE RIGHT HERE UNDER THIS TREE...OR AT LEAST UNTIL DINNER TUNE."

SHAKESPEARE AND TRAGEDY

By John Bayley. 228 pp. Cloth, \$25; Paper, \$10.95.

Routledge & Kegan Paul, 9 Park St., Boston, Mass. 02108.

Reviewed by Nona Balakian

IF John Bayley's eminently readable book on Shakespearean tragedy fails to get the attention it deserves, it won't be for lack of interest in the Bard and his work. Shakespeare seems to be everywhere these days, speaking to everyone. You meet him in your living room (all 37 plays have now been readied for televising), in

the park, even in a cabaret.

All this palpable experience of
Shakespeare could end in apathy for individual study. Despite an occasional surprise like Marilyn French's recent "Shakespeare's Division of Experience," Shakespearean criticism has lacked adventurousness has ceased being a personal quest. An overfasti-dious scholarship has narrowed our perspective on the poet-playwright's creations and diverted us from the grandeur of his language.

Imaginative Involvement

In England, where the tradition of literary (as distinct from scholarly) criticism has fared somewhat better than in the United States, one can still publish books on Shakespeare without being an "expert." Anthony Bur-gess and John Wain are two popular novelists who have written full-length works about the Bard. And now John Bayley, though not a creative writer, brings to the subject a similar imaginative involvement, together with the scope and subtlety of perception of a critic widely read in world literature. It is a book well worth perusing.

Bayley begins by making an im-portant distinction between Shakespeare's dramatic approach and that of modern writers. Unlike the latter, the Elizabethan playwright remains nearly always outside his text, his successive impressions of life "vanishing in an absence of uniformity and of

It is the artistic distance between the author and his creations that makes possible a vital aspect of Shakespearean tragedy — the repeated suggestion of "other worlds" outside the bounds of the play's action. Unlike the protagonists of a Beckett or a Brecht, Shakespeare's tragic he-roes never wholly identify with their deeds: The tragedy itself may be bounded in a nutshell, but the minds of Hamlet, of Macbeth and Othello make them kings of infinite space."

The book's first chapter is titled The King's Ship," a reference to Ariel's magical powers of movement, which Bayley links with the equally magical turns of mood and tone the playwright achieves in the tragedies. Nothing evokes tragedy on stage like contrast, and in Shakespeare's tragedies it is the recurring intrusions of "angelic moments" that most vividly summon a searing sense of loss. Whether it is Edgar describing the cliffs of Dover to the blinded Gloucester, or Banquo suddenly noticing "a temple-haunted martlet" on Macbeth's castle wall - it is the presence of tangible irrelevancies amid a crisis that has the power to stab us The use of incongruity in Shake-

speare's plays has not, of course, gone unnoticed, either as a device for reflecting the tragicomic flavor of life or as an Elizabethan stage convention.
What Bayley adds is the suggestion that incongruity is endemic to Shake-speare's tragic heroes. Highly conscious human beings, they never need reminding that "there is a world else-where." If some, like Lear, lack selfknowledge, all are aware of what they stand to win or lose in their essentially



Bayley generally argues by example rather than abstract logic, and his best insights derive from the interest he takes "in the way the play works." He rightly faults Helen Gardner for placing Macbeth with Faustus and Milton's Saran, "types of the noble soul damned by the evil of will and aspiration." Yet others may feel as I do that he pushes a bit too hard for Mac-beth's "moral dimensions," indeed, his "normalness." For one thing one does not know Macbeth intimately early on in the play (as one has known Hamlet, for instance), and in this bloodiest of the tragedies Macbeth's belated expressions of conscience have the ring of a conversion. It would not be illogical to presume that in one of his last major tragedies Shakespeare was acknowledging evil as a universal burden; with "Mac-

Nona Balakian is on the staff of The New York Times Book Review.

beth," perhaps, began the deepening awe for the complexity of human na-

ture that finally silenced him.

Best Sellers

The New York Times This list is based on reports from more than 1,400 bookstores throughout the United States. Weeks on our proposably consecutive.

THE THURD DEADLY SIN. by GORKY PARK, by Martin Cruz GORKY PARK, by Martin Cruz
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THE GLITTER DOME, by Joseph Wambaugh
GOODBYE, JANETTE, by Harold Robbins
TRADE WIND, by M.M. Kaye
THE CARDINAL SINS, by Andre M. Gredey
THE CLOWNS OF GOD, by
Morris West
GOO EMPEROR OF DUNE, by
Frank Herbert.

Gardner

12 FREE FALL IN CRIMSON, by John D. MacDonald

13 THE WHITE HOTEL, by D.M.

13

Thomas.

14 MASQUERADE, by Kit Williams
15 NIGHT PROBE, by Clive Cussler. NONFICTION 1 THE BEVERLY HILLS DIET, by Judy Mazel
THE LORD GOD MADE THEM

3 NEVER.SAY-DIET BOOK, by Richard Signmens.
4 MISS PIGGY'S GUIDE TO LIFE, by Miss Piggy as told to Henry Beard.
5 THE CINDERELLA COMPLEX, by Colette Dowling.
6 THEORY 2, by William G Ouchi
7 THE HITE REPORT ON MALE SEXUALITY, by Shert Hite.
8 LIVING ALONE & LIKING ITI. by Lynn Shahan.
9 HOW TO MAKE LOVE TO A MAN, by Alexandra Penney.

MAN, by Alexandra Penney 10 THE EAGLE'S GIFT, by Carlos

Castaneda

JANE BRODY'S NUTRITION
BOOK, by Jane Brody
COSMOS, by Carl Sagan.

PRISONER WITHOUT A
NAME CELL WITHOUT A
NUMBER, by Jacobo Timeronan.
KEEP IT SIMPLE, by Marion
Burnos.

15 YOU CAN NEGOTIATE ANY-THING, by Herb Cohen

Champagne 6-Pack To Challenge Beer

The Associated Press CALPELLA, Calif. — A six-pack of bubbly is one California winery's answer to expensive imported beers.
Weibel Vineyards expects to put champagne six-packs on sale at super-markets for about \$1 a bottle — about six gunces each — at the end of the year in direct competition with imported beers. "We've found that imported beer

averages about \$6 a six-pack," said Ed Russell, national sales manager for Weibel. "We think we can not only compete at that price but we'll pitch it for use in the same situations. Weibel is the nation's fifth-largest

producer of sparkling wine with facil-ties here and in Mission San Jose.

By Alan Truscott

BRIDGE

ITANDS containing four spades, a IT long minor and minimum opening-bid strength are simple to bid if you are the dealer. But they can be distinctly difficult if an opponent fires the first salvo. Consider the South hand shown in

the diagram. If East opened one heart, a take-out double would be appropri-ate, but that cannot be contemplated after one diamond; partner is likely to bid hearts vigorously in the expecta-tion of finding support.

South could pass, in the hope of being able to introduce a take-out double, after the opponents have bid

and raised hearts. But they may not bid that way. One authority has recommended an overcall in the fourcard suit in such positions, but in this case the spades are too weak to risk the possibility of a 4-3 trump fit. The obvious choice is an overcall in

clubs, which runs the risk of missing a good spade fit. Admittedly South may have a chance to show spades later, and did when the hand was played recently. South was surprised to hear his

partner raise spades to game. This ag-gressive action would have been more appropriate with a fifth spade and a doubleton club. The defense could have taken the

first four tricks by maneuvering a club ruff, but West led a diamond. South was careful to win the ten with the ace, leaving West in doubt about the location of the king. He then drew just two rounds of trumps with the ace and king, ending in dummy, and led a club to his queen.

When West won with the king he had plenty of losing plays available. He chose to play his remaining trump, an option South had deliberately al-lowed him. Now it was easy to establish the clubs and make the contract.

The only winning defense for West was to shift to hearts and force South to ruff. A chib duck would then prevent South from using his club suit, and he would end up a trick short. West might have worked out the right defense if he had noticed that his partner had produced few high cards. One high-card point in the black suits and at most six in diamonds would not justify two bids for East, so he could-be placed with at least the ace and king of hearts.

NORTH (D) **4KQ84** 7107532 4762 EAST WEST **4**1053 **VAKQ** ♦QJ10742 ♣105 **0983** SOUTH **♣**∆762 78 OAK5 **♣**QJ943 re vulnerable. The bid-East 1 ♦ 2 ♦ North Pass Pass Pass Pass

West led the diamond three.

Beyond Youth and Genius

By Rob Hughes

I ONDON -- A rainbow's pot of gold lies at the feet of the gifted soccer apprentice. All he has to do is grow into his potential.

All! Nothing in soccer's comehither world proves so fickle, so full of betrayal, as the promise of Coyne and Justin Fashanu teen-age precociousness. Even genins cannot be trusted.

Diego Maradona, the most brilliant young player on earth, re-turned to Europe on tour with Argentina last Sunday and won a match in Valencia with breathtak-

ing yet typical skill.

In a matter of seconds, the young god ran the ball from the midfield line, surged past three Valencia defenders and set up the game's only goal for Ramon Diaz. Maradona is genius.

The only questions: How long can be go on resisiting the butchers on the field and the distorting financial pressures off it? Ten years will tell, a decade in which he will join Pele as an all-time great, or, like the unfortunate

Irishman George Best, will have squandered God's gifts. Best was never beaten by other players — only by his tempera-mental instability and by his drinking. Those, of course, are not unknown characteristics of excep-

tionally talented men; but they are characteristics insufferable in team

NASL Standings

Playoffs

By Chris Baker

Los Angeles Times Service

LOS ANGELES — Two years ago, Davey Lopes of the Los An-

geles Dodgers was in an early-sea-

son batting slump. Hitting coach Jim Lefebvre suggested videotap-

"We filmed him from center

field and Davey saw right away

what he was doing wrong," Le-

febvre recalled. "He was in a terri-

ble slump - with a hitch in his

swing — but he went on a home

run streak [17 in 31 games] after

looking at the pictures, and he went on to hit 28 home runs" —

Lopes' career high.
Lopes is one of a growing num-

ber of professional and college ath-

letes who have used videotape,

which is to a TV screen what film

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deotape to analyze athletes' per-

If It Moves, Shoot It

tennis, swimming, golf and gym-

needs studying. Rodeo stars use it to examine the moves of bucking

The National Basketball Associ-

ation Los Angeles Lakers watch tape replays of the first half of eve-

ry game at intermission to prepare

for the second half. "I don't know

if it's ever helped us win a game,"

says Coach Paul Westhead. "But

having it around gives you more

There's no question in my

mind that showing a player a tape is far superior to drawing a play on the blackboard."

"Film has two distinct advan-

tages," said Bob Friedman, direc-

[film] projector can go anywhere.

ing," he said. "What they've got to

do is give us a larger and a sharper

who never used film extensively

praise videotape. "No matter how

better to show him the pictures."

sport. There are four cameras -

to shoot practices and games.

brones and bulls.

and a Best, perhaps never to be spoken in the same breath, are the youngsters whose dilemma of trying to mature in an unreal situation is nevertheless full of traumat- and stealt ic uncertainty. I offer the names of two young Englishmen - Peter whose lives demonstrate the polarity of soccer's roulette existence.

Coyne at 22 has just become one of Banaur's three million uncomployed.

Fashann two years younger, has swelled to nine the ranks of England's insanc £1-million transfers. He left Norwich to join Notting-ham Forest and his £1,000-a-week salary dwarfs by at least 10 times what Coyne will pick up from so-cial security.

If their clocks could be turned back five years, that disparity in their fortunes would be beyond be-lief. At 14, Coyne scored a memo-rable hat trick for the England schoolboys against West Germany.

Coveted, Courted

Every club in the land coveted and courted his signature. At 15 he began scoring goals galore in Manchester. United's junior teams. At 17 he was on full professional wages, and scored in his first-division debut for Manchester. His class was indisputable.

Around that time, Fashann became the property of Norwich City. Given the then-Manager John Bond's first option, it was a miracle Fashanu ever became a pro: "His feet and brain didn't seem to work together," he said.
"His control and passing were
nonexistent." Five years later.
Bond, now manager at Manchester City, was beaten in the millionpound auction for Justin Fashanu.

So what happened to drown the natural, pure skills of Coyne and, simultaneously, what raiseed to the heights the unsuspected ability of Willpower.

Born Justinius Sony Fashann, of London-based Nigerian and Gu-yanese parents, the successful one the pair has, if anything, an abundance of that prized English soccer commodity - agressive-

That is no product of a deprived childhood. Fashanu and his kid brother did fleetingly wind up in the care of an orphanage after their father returned to Nigeria, but then were raised by a caring English couple in a Norfolk vil-

lage.
They lacked little, as Fashanu's 6-foot 1-inch, 182-pound frame at-

Like Coyne, who is 40 pounds lighter and 4 inches short Fashann became a goal-scorer.

But, as belits a junior boxing champion, Fashanu's goals were banged in - on occason taking defenders in with the ball - while the little guy scored by nimbleness

 Indeed, Fashanu's physical exertion can be excessive. A year ago, having suffered a nosebleed during a match, he butted an opponent. The opponent was wheeled off to a hospital. Fashanu reckoned he was paying the man back "with inter-

And, although he went through a spell when that aggressiveness seemed sapped (it was later diagnosed as a "mystery illness"), Fashanu progressed to England's under-21 and B international level.

With a personality that won him his own "Fashanu's focus" local radio spot, with his casy mastery of public relations, he took the £1million transfer in stride and showed the old fire when, in his second game for Forest, was sent off in a match in Zaragoza last

Coyne, meanwhile, was at home with his wife Sue, three-year-old son Anthony and bleak prospects as their second child is due. Coyne's career at the top expired after that one senior Manche United game — he was sacked fol-lowing a profanity-filled row with the manager. Crewe Alexandra fired him this summer because he

Dream Chance Spurned

After a spell selling cockels and muscles, Coyne was offered a dream chance to join the Portugese club Rio Ave.

"I only stayed two days," says Coyne, "There was no one to meet me at the airport and they kept me waiting four hours at the club before I was introduced to anyone. It was a waste of time."

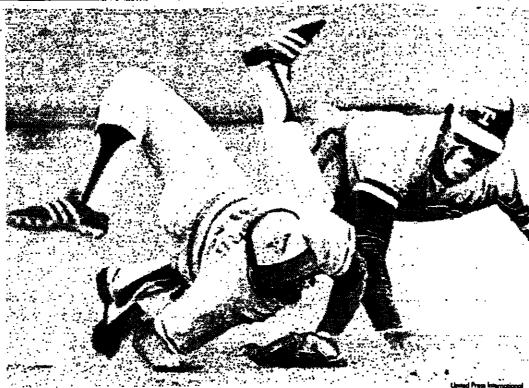
So rather be happy than rich, Coyne came home to sit idly on skills that, even now, someone ought to be able to tease to the sur-

In terms of pure ability, he should eclipse Fasham, just as Maradona would ridicule a sumo wrestler on the soccer field. Uruguayan Delusion

On another matter: Unhappily, things are not always what they seem - just ask the Uruguayans. At the turn of the year, Uruguay won its own phony "Gold Cup" tournament of world champions.

This week it was beaten, in Montevideo, by Peru and is now in desparate straits on the qualifying Coyne, who is 40 pounds route to the World Cup. If Uruand 4 inches shorter, guay was deluded by its "supreman became a goal-scorer. cy," it knows differently now.

Pro Teams Getting the Picture With Videotape



The Blue Jays' Garth lorg got a little bent out of shape in the fifth inning Monday night, but the second baseman forced the Rangers' Billy Sample and threw to first to complete a double play.

Pitcher Perry: Spit and Polish

By Jim Murray

Los Angeles Times Service
LOS ANGELES — There comes a time in any man's life when he has to say "OK, no more nice guy. From now on, I make my own rules." It happened to Billy the Kid, Jack the Ripper, Attila the Hun, Willie the Actor, Robin Hun, Willie the Actor. Hood and Al Capone. It happened to Gaylord Perry.

He didn't break any of the Ten
Commandments. He didn't lie.

kill, rob banks of pick pockets and



Perry became a scofflaw in 1964. He was 25 years old. He had won 55 and lost 46 games in the bush leagues. He had won only six in the major leagues in three years of trying. He was making \$8,000 a year and had mortgages on two farms. He decided to spit in histo-

Ballplayers call it the "country sinker," the "irrigated slider" and "the load." Throwing one is an art. "The load" reduces the friction between ball and finger, so the ball doesn't rotate. The pitch comes in with the velocity of a fastball, but one that suddenly takes a direct hit in the fuselage. A fastball rises; a

spitball tends to crash at the plate.
The forward rotation suddenly encounters the critical forces of wind resistance and gravity. For the batter, it's like trying to hit a ball dropped from a fifth story

But even when it was legalized, only a handful of pitchers could master it. The Hall of Fame is not awash with spitballers. If all a pitcher had going for him was spit, he'd be well-advised to pick up a knife and a piece of wood and take up whittling.
Perry in 1964 had a fastball that

was just fast enough to keep him in the team photo. He had control, but so did the batting-practice

he honored his father and his what Perry really had going for mother. But he did break the law him was the fact he was the son of about spitting in public. He didn't a North Carolina tenant farmer: spit on the sidewalk, he spit on a He had no electricity at home until baseball. 1951 and never showered in any-thing but a rainstorm until he made the high school football

Perry had to learn to pitch in the brief periods when the tobacco wasn't ripe or the mule wasn't sick. He didn't want to go back to that.
If all that stood between him and living in the 20th century was a little saliva, Perry was ready to over-look such things as baseball's rule 802-A, as modified.

Baseball is not exactly the knights of the Round Table anyway. You steal signals, pretend to catch balls you short-hopped and hide balls on baserunners. Besides, in baseball, everybody spits.

What they should outlaw is scratching.

Perry kept himself in the big

agues with illegal substances, but he's going to put himself in the Hall of Fame with stubbornness. A lot of people would have taken the \$60,000 bonus the Giants gave him in 1958 and given it all up as a bad job as soon as he found out he couldn't get the ball past professional hitters with just the stuff he had. Several managers asked him if he ever thought of trying the bullpen for a career.

Today, by way of answer, he leads all active pitchers — and all but 43 ever — in complete games with 295. Only seven pitchers have started more games. Only 14 pitchers have won more. Sometime in September, when he is 43 years old, the Atlanta Braves' Gaylord James Perry will join the handful of big league pitchers who have won 300 games.

Perry didn't just pick up spitter, he picked up a slider, a forkball, a change-up. He learned to hide the ball as well as the stuff he put on it, he learned to throw out of a kick, without a windup, often a better fielder than his third baseman. He has won the Cy Young Award in both leagues, the only player ever to do so, and he has pitched a no-hit game.

Legitimate ability will put Perry in Cooperstown quite as much as the Vaseline, hair grease, prespiration drops and tobacco drool. Sometimes, Perry uses the spitball the way Hitler used leaflets - as a threat. He doesn't have to throw it if he fidgits, wipes, twitches and goes to the resin bag enough.

"It builds up anxieties," he grins. A spitter is like an ace: You have to know how to play the rest of the hand, too.

Slickers

Milestones bore Perry. He took up the spitball to meet the mortgage, not a shrine. The 300 games won, the 300 complete games are numbers to him. "But, I do want to play in a World Series," he admits. "I never have."

The prospect alarms the straitlaced, pitch-by-the-rules set. And some who are not so rules-orient-

Tigers' Streak at 9 Downing doubled in two runs and Bobby Clark's two-run homer highlighted a six-run sixth that carried California to an 8-6 victory over Boston, snapping a four-game Red Sox winning streak.

Royal Victory Ends

From Agency Dispatches
DETROIT — Amos Ous his a bases-empty home run in the second inning and a tie-breaking double in the eighth Monday night as Kansas City broke the Tigers' nine-game winning streak with a 4-2 triumph,

Darryl Motley led off the eighth with a single against Dan Schatzeder (5-6) and was bunted to second. Reliever Keven Saucier

BASEBALL ROUNDUP

struck out U.L. Washington but then loaded the bases by walking George Brett intentionally and Hal McRae unintentionally. Otis fol-lowed with his double down the third base line to break a 2-2 tie.

The victory went to Ken Brett (1-0), who came on to strike out pinch-hitter Richie Hebner with two out and two on in the seventh. Reliever Dan Quisenberry's two innings of work ran his scoreless string to 18% innings and gave him his 12th save.

Mike Jones gave up both Detroit runs in the fourth, Kirk Gibson doubled and Ron Jackson beat out an infield his Gibson course.

out an infield hit Gibson scored after a double steal when catcher John Wathan threw the ball into left field; Jones then walked two batters and wild-pitched home the

tying run.
Otis' homer was 11th of the year; teammate Willie Aikens hit his ninth in the fourth.

Twins 3, Yankees 2 In New York, first baseman Kent Hrbek, playing in his major league debut, homered to lead off

the 12th to spark Minnesota past the Yankees, 3-2. Jack O'Connor (3-2) pitched a hitless final two innings to gain the victory while George Frazier (0-1) took the loss in relief of Tommy John, who pitched into the 10th.

Rangers 3, Blue Jays 0 In Toronto, Doc Medich (7-3) scattered six hits and Buddy Bell drove in two runs to pace Texas' 3-0 victory over the Blue Jays.

Brewers 5, White Sox 4 In Milwankee, Cecil Cooper drove in three runs with a homer and a double to power the Brewers to their third straight victory, 5-4, over Chicago. Cooper's two-run homer in the fifth chased starter Rich Dotson (8-4); Pete Vuckovich (9-3) went 6½ innings to earn the

A's 16, Indians 4

In Oakland, Calif., Ricky Henderson went 4-for-4, including home run, scored three runs a drove in two to lead a 20-hit atta that buried Cleveland for the A 16-4. Every batter in Oaklan starting lineup had at least one and scored at least once as M Keough (8-3) went to distance. J Newman and Cliff Johns homered for the winners.

Orioles 12. Mariners 8

In Seattle, Rich Dauer hit to home runs and drove in five ru to power Baltimore past the M iners, 12-8. Ken Singleton and E die Murray also had homers as t of Dennis Martinez (9-4).

Angels 8, Red Sox 6

Phillies 7, Braves 5 In the National League, in Philadelphia. Manny Trillo hit a tworun homer with two out in the 13th to give the Phillies a 7-5 victory over Atlanta. Trillo's game-winner came off Al Hrabosky (0-1); winner Tug McGraw (2-4) pitched four perfect innings of relief. Phil-adelphia's Mike Schmidt hit his

eighth and Chris Chambliss had a bases-empty homer for the Braves.

21st home run of the season in the

Reds 2. Mets 0 In Cincinnati, rookie Bruce Berenyi pitched a two-hitter and doubled and scored a run in sparking the Reds to a 2-0 triumph over New York Berenyi (6-3) walked two and struck out 12 batters — Dave Kingman whiffed four times
—in posting his third shutout.

Dodgers 4, Pirates 0

In Pittsburgh, Dusty Baker and Sieve Yeager hit bases-empty runs and Burt Hooton pitched his second straight four-hit shutout in leading Los Angeles past the Pirates, 4-0. Hooton (9-4) walked one and struck out four in posting his 26th career shutout.

Cardinals 2, Giants 1

In St. Louis, Tom Herr singled through a drawn-in infield with one out in the 10th to score Tito Landrum from third and give the Cardinals a 2-1 decision over San Francisco. Landrum reached first on an infield single, stole second and went to third on a throwing error by catcher Bob Brenly before Herr's single to center made a loser of Greg Minton (3-4).

Cubs 9, Padres 8

In Chicago, Mike Tyson doubled home Ivan DeJesus in the 11th to lift the Cubs to a 9-8 tri-umph over San Diego. DeJesus, who had doubled in three runs in the first, led off the 11th with a walk off reliever Jerry Lucas (3-7) and scored on Tyson's pinch-hit

Major League **Standings**

AMERICAN LEAGUE

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In Anaheim. Calif., Brian .-Farst-half division

Monday's Major League Line Scores

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St. Louis 000 001 000 1—2 9 2
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L—Hrobosky, 0-1, HRs—Allanto, Chambliss (6).
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(8) and Fisk: Yukovich, Clevetand (7) and Simmons. W.-Vukovich, P3, L.—Dotson, 8-4, HR3Chicago, Bernazard (4), Milwoukee, Cooper (9).

Tanono, Stonley (6), Compbell (7), Crowford (8) and Gedman; Renko, Jefferson (5), Hossier (7), Aase (9) and Downing, W.—Jefferson, 2-4. L.—Tanona, 3-4. HRS—Baston, Gedman (3), Stopleton (5), Colifornia, Beniquez (1), Grich-Angeles, Baker (6), Yeoger (3).

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Scott, Leach (8) and Stearns; Berenyi and NoIon. W—Berenyi, 6-3. L—Scott, 3-7

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Elchetherger, D.Boone (1), Littlefield (3),
Curils (5), Urrea (9), Lucas (9) and T.Kennedy;
Krukow, W.Hernandez (5), Capilla (7), Le-Smith
10) and Blockwell, W—LaSmith 2-5. L—Lucas,
3-7, HR—San Diego, Turner (2), (13), Clork (4).

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Transactions

Football is the only major sport in which video is not widely used. The majority of college and professional teams still prefer using film

tor of photography for the Dallas Cowboys. There is an inherent lack of resolution in video and

22 guys in the picture. the screens aren't large enough." Still, Friedman said, most National Football League teams will switch to videotape within 15 years. The technology is improv-

Baskethall and baseball coaches

the clubboose. system. He records every pitch during a game; by pressing a but-ton, he can instantly show a particnlar time at bat for a given player. "Some of the older guys have an aversion to using it," Stein said. But the younger guys have no

fear of it." Stein said videotape has many advantages over film. "This is instantaneous. And there is a lot less of an investment in equipment. A 16-millimeter movie camera costs \$40,000. With video, we can keep the same tape and use it over and

is to a movie screen, to enhance and basketball teams are using vi-Catcher Mike Scioscia views tapes every day of the previous night's game. "It's helped me pick formance, and some use it for out a couple of flaws at the plate," he said. "I know what each swing feels like and if I look at the tapes Videotape is also used in track, right away, when it's fresh, it really nastics - any sport where motion

helps. What it does is give you con-sistency." Sometimes players re-examine old tapes: Said Coach Manny Mota: "The other day Dusty Baker came in to look at the tapes from last year. He could see his perfect swing of last year and compare it to what he was doing this year. His elbows were too close to his body and that's why he wasn't

getting the extension he did last

behind home plate, first base, third and in center field — with slow-motion replays. The center field camera is able to zoom in on home. plate. The players and coaches view replays on a four-foot TV screen in a small room adjacent to

The Los Angeles Teses/Joyne Komin

generally won't suggest a session until the next day.

by. It simply lets you correct your Mota tries to be diplomatic in mistakes more readily. There's an

professel League
Mericanal League
PHILADELPHIA—Reculled Mark Davis,
plitcher, from Oktohoma City of the American
Association, Asted wolvers on John Volcovict,
Infielder, for the purpose of givins him on uncon-

infielder, for the purpose or giving min on unconditional refease.

FOOTBALL

CHICAGO—Cut Fronk Diffu, search; Jeff Lee and Tom Danovan, wide receivers: Londe Johnson, running back; Jan Natarian and Bob Smory! Inspectors; Jon Hoke, quarterback, and Ryan Malkanev, defensive end.

CLEVELAND—Acquired Bruce huther, linebacker, from Dalian and Thomas Brown, defensive end, from Philadelphila for Undisciosed huter droft chaics.

DALLAS—Released Curt Carlon, puriter; Mike Wilson, wide receiver; Worley Taylor, running back; and Josy Hackell, fight end.

DENVER—Acquired Wode Manning, wide receiver-tick return specialist, from Buffato in exchange for an undisciosed feature droft choice.

Welved Alvin Lewis. you're limited by the size of the TV screen. The other thing is the bulkmess of the playback equipment. A "Because of the nature of the games, basketball and baseball are deal for video. But when you get

GREEN BAY-Cut Tim Stokes, tockle; Larry

much you tell a pitcher what he's Bavich, Mockelcker, Metvin Hower and Eugens
Byrd, vide receivers.
HOUSTON—Placed Art Stringer, tinebacker,
can the shysically anoble to perform list. Cut
Charles Coulleid, detentive back: Ailke Lockler,
light end, and Rich Tompsell, running back.
Placed Debart Fowler, Inebacker, and Lory
James, running back, on the loured reserve Rst.
KANSAS CITY—Placed Horace Betton on the
injured-reserved list. Walved Charlie Ane, cendoing wrong," said Dodger pitching coach Ron Perranoski, "it's The Dodgers have one of the most elaborate tape systems in pro-

asking a player to watch the tapes. awful tot of things you can do in-If a hitter has gone 0-for-4, Mota correctly." NBA's Portland Trail Blazers uses tapes primarily to scout oppo-

BASEBALL

Wolved Alvin Lewis.

DETROIT—Cut Andy Connavine, linebocker;
Carley Cuts, defensive tockle; Eddie Lawis, and
Som Johnson, defensive bocks: Bon Nitioleis,
that end: Fred Kirkland, wide receiver, and
John Soenaler, stocklicker. Plocad Ray Wilflories, kick returner, on the non-football injury
reserve this.

Warts Mesbecker: David Pelway, solety; Rade Savich, plocekicker, Metvin Houvey and Eugene

Third baseman Ron Cey says

point. For the most part, it's better to see it when you're not doing some of the things you do normal-

ter; Jim Rourks, tockie; Brion Sullivon, punter; and David Dorn, wide receiver.

Aliani—Wolved Brod Wright, quarterback; som Greene and John Noonan, wide receivers; Mike Daum, attensive tockie; John Alford, defensive tockie; Thom Dorobrook and Vince Cowell, quartes Ray Webb. defensive tockie; and Radelf Thomas. Ilnebacker. Placed Doug Beaudoin, safety, on injured waivers list.

Alianiesoffa—Released Gorry White. Freddle Smith and Don Shaver, running backs; James Murphy, wide receiver; and Ran Cocciniglia, defensive back.

glie, defensive bock. NEW ENGLAND—Cut Rich Comorillo and Ken Nober, punters; Terry Nelson, light end; Dan Jones, cornerbook; Kyle Stavens, running back; Chy Davidson, kick returner; Craig John

size, full bock; Steve McMichoel, defensive hock-ler Doug McDougoid, defensive end, and Jimmy Stevent, defensive bock; N.Y. GIANTS—Ploced Mork Reed, quorier-bock; Kevin Kurdyla, offensive hocke; and Lor-ry Heater, running bock, on the injured reserve PITTSBURGH—Waived Robble Martin, wide PITTSBURGH—Walver roopes warms, was receiver-lick returner; Jim Ferramii and Curlis Henderson, wide receivers; David Riley, runnina bock; and Rudy Philibs, spund.

SAN FRANCISCO—Out Rick Gervals, defender bock; Kevin Cole, running back; Henry Williams, wide receiver; Leo Biedermans, tockle,

and Cruis Anderson, stierd.

TAMPA BAY--Cut Rik Berns and Robert Thomas, running backs: Jeff Quinn, suprissbock; Frunk Gorcia, supriar; Ricky Dozler, offensive tockle; Bo Taylor, wide receiver, and Agron Brown, Mark Mack and Ted Vincent, linebackers.

WASHINGTON---Wolved Fred Cook, defeasive and: T. Align Kannady; and Kan Taylor, defensive and: T. Align Kannady; and Kan Taylor, defensive

COLLEGE
HOFSTRA—Named Gerald Risberg and Joe Hoering assistant football couches.

LENIGH—Named Jeff Timping head soccer wagner-Named George Kochmon men's track coech and Jim Grogan warnen's track

and; T. Atlan Kannedy; and Kan Taylor, defen-

With the help of videotape, the Dodgers' Bob Welch found a flaw in his 1981 pitching delivery. Most players don't look at the tapes when they're on a hot streak "When you're going well," Cey said, "everything seems to fall into

Pitchers also have improved after looking at tapes. Bob Welch of the Dodgers pitched one of his best games of the season after comparing tapes of his delivery last year and this year. His find ings: This season, he wasn't look-

ing at the plate until the last When San Francisco Manager Frank Robinson was playing in Baltimore and Cincinnati, those teams filmed players. One of the first things Robinson did when he was named manager of the Giants this season was to install a video-

tape system.

can see it right away." Robinson said. "But you can't force anyone to go and look at it. Players are like kids. When they're going well they don't have as much of a tendency to look at the tapes as when they're going bad." Laker General Manager Bill Sharman is credited with belping introduce videotape to the NBA.

With a push from Golden State Owner Franklin Miculi, Sharman

The real advantage is that you

began using tape when he coached the Warriors in the mid-1960s. Mieuli, who once owned a piece of the NFL's San Francisco 49ers, has seen how film helped football teams and figured videotape could help NBA teams. "With film, you have to process it and it takes a couple of days to get it back from the lab," Sharman said. "With video, the coaches can

home so they can take the tapes home." Coach Jack Ramsay of the

see it immediately. And most of

them have their own machines at

tapes primarily to scout opponents. He recalls a 1976 game in which his team ran a play that produced 22 points in one quarter, thanks to videotape. Against Denver, Portland got a series of easy baskets from Maurice Lucas and Bob Gross by picking on an op-posing forward's faulty defensive tendencies. Lucas scored 14 points in the quarter, Gross 8.

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"If Gaylord Perry gets in a World Series," Billy Martin once binted darkly, "they'll have to play it in raincoats." **CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS**

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Observer

A Slave to Fashion

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — Ever one to keep up with the changing fashions. I am now preparing to become rich. Rich is the fashionable thing to be nowadays since President Reagan has taken charge in Washington. When President Kennedy took charge I started wearing Ivy League suits and read-

ing James Bond potboilers. Under Lyndon Johnson I learned to talk about standing in mighty tall cot-ton and gave my loyalties only to men you could go to the well with.

Along came Richard Nixon, 1 cut off all contact

with the outside world, spent summers in an air-conditioned room with a fire blazing on the hearth while writing lists of people who hated me on yellow legal-size pa-per. Then came Gerald Ford. That was a had time.

N.

Baker

Under Gerald Ford everybody was encouraged to be himself, but by that time I had changed so often to keep up with the changing fashions that I didn't know who myself was. Fortunately Jimmy Curter came along. I began teaching Sunday School and carrying my own surcases.

That wasn't exactly a piece of cake either, since I rarely traveled, but I did it. If I went to the next door neighbors for dinner, I carried my own suitcases.

When President Reagan brought in richness, I looked forward to happy times. Now you could hire flunkeys to carry your suitcases and tip them with hundred-dollar bills. First, of course, you had to obtain a supply of hundred-dollar bills. Here's where I learned that it is not easy being rich.

"So you are planning to be rich," said the man to whom I applied for the tip money. "Well, let's see how qualified you are. Exactly how rich do you want to be?

"What are the choices? "First of all," he said, "there's the big bucks. Do you think you're ready for the big bucks?" "The mood I'm in, the big bucks sounds like small potatoes," I said.

"Well," he said, "you can be

very, very rich. Or you can be filthy rich. Or you can be as rich as

"Filthy rich is for me," said I, "if that means having money smeared all over me."

"All right," said he. "Next question; name a good place to die. "In the lap of luxury," I said. At that the money man put the stack of hundred-dollar bills back in the vault and told me I'd have to take cles would admit me.

Would you believe, for instance, that the man wasn't joking when he quizzed me about a good place

New York, for example, is a terrible place to die. Or so I am told by a very, very rich man who has spent his life planning to die in a

good place.

A bad place to die is simply a place where the local tax people take a huge bite out of your wealth as soon as you become posthu-mous. In New York, I gather, they will try to take it all.

You don't think about these things when you're not rich, and even if you do think about them the thought doesn't last long. My attitude would be, if New York wants it all, let New York have it, since "all" in my present case is a 1969 Buick, badly rusted, and a three-year-old TV set which refuses to pick up CBS programs.

Once you are rich, however, you have all these things that you want relatives to inherit - your custom-made shoes, your season tickets to the basketball games, your antique bookmarkers and so on

The point is that a relative wearing your custom-made shoes will think of you as a swell guy every time he puts them on.

I'm having some trouble acquiring the proper psychology, which means it may take longer than anticipated to become a master of great wealth. Having to think about a place to die, for instance, discourages me from buying new shoes fit to bequeath to an impoverished relative. That's the way my

Well, obviously, it isn't as easy as it looks being rich, which is probably why they say money won't buy happiness, only tax breaks, diamonds, fine wine and private jets.

New York Times Service

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On the Trail of the Pinkertons

By Henry Allen Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The Pinkertons are mostly just rent-a-cops now, skulking around warehouses at midnight, hustling winos out of fast-food joints, that

kind of thing.

But then, the quality of your average criminal has declined too, as an exhibition of Pinkerton's memorabilia and 19th-century criminalia at the National Portrait Gallery here, through Jan. 3, illuminates in sad and tell-

Back in the good-bad old days Allan Pinkerton founded his celebrated detective agency in 1850 —it was the age of the master criminal, safecracking wiz-ards, car burglars and interna-tional rogues. Criminals could be living legends, a status no doubt abetted by Allan Pinkerton's 18 books about his exploits in catching them, along with the dime novels of the day celebrating the James gang, or Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid, all of whom Pinkerton chased, but, as it happened, never caught.

Check out the handbill that

Pinkerton's National Detective Agency circulated on one Marion Hedgepeth, a Missouri train robber. (Imagine a criminal nowadays named "Marion Hedgepeth"!) He is described as "rather affable in manner; disposition cool, but at times some what reckless: dresses well but not flashily; has gold watch and chain, and may wear a diamond

in shirt bosom." Flowery Tributes

Who wouldn't want to be described like that? After the Pinks, as they were known, nabbed Hedgepeth, his jail cell was crowded with flowers from female admirers. And there he is on the Portrait Gallery wall, in the Pinkerton mug shot, staring with blithe frankness into the camera, under a derby with the front brim curled down just a rakish touch; a Chesterfield coat,

"Both the cops and the robbers had more style back then," said Frederick Voss, a research historian, who along with his associate James Barber put this show together.

"There was more romance."

Butch (seated, right), Sundance Kid (seated, left) and cronies.

Barber added. "They took more pride in their work." This was an age when we

hadn't reduced humanity to a set of statistics, when we didn't pretend it was science curbing antisocial behavior, rather than cops collaring robbers. The Arkansas train robber Reuben Houston Barrows had "something of a lounging gait; when about town has hands in pockets in leisurely way . . . is something of a country storyteller, relating snake, dog and cat fights etc."

Can't you see that guy? And, sure enough, you can, in the photograph, with that hint of rural confusion in his face that marks a lot of this rogues' gallery.

The name of the Pinkertons was sullied by the decision of the company to hire out management goons in union disputes. the most famous event being a daylong gun battle between 300 Pinks and the workers at the Carnegie Iron Works in Homestead. Pa Photographs and an engrav-

"You go up around Schuylerville, Pa., you'll still find a lot of people who don't like us," said George O'Neill, director of per-sonnel for Pinkerton's Inc., and its unofficial archivist. Schuvlerville, he said, is the area where the Molly Magnires, an Irish se-cret society, waged labor war on mine owners, until a Pinkerton named James McParlan, posing as an itinerant tramp, arrived to investigate their alleged crimes against the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad. In 1876, after two years of buying drinks, McParlan had become a credible enough witness to help condemn 20 men to death for murder. It's a sad, frish and alcoholic tale his meticulous and and floridly penned expense account tells:

Treating O'Neill & friends at Fishers Gallagher & friends at Sweeney's .80 Lost playing cards with MMs for drinks 1.20

An engraving that illustrated one of Allan Pinkerton's booksshows McParlan being sworn in. An oil painting shows a chaotic trial scene.

The James gang, and a lot of their Missouri neighbors, hated the Pinkertons after a posse surrounded their house and an explosion blew an arm off Jesse's brother. The posse said the bomb was just an illumination device, and Mrs. James shouldn't have kicked it into the fireplace. The Pinkertons said they had no men with the posse. The photograph shows Jesse looking to be a vengeful, calculating type, while his brother Frank has the look of a veteran bar fighter.

"I can't think of anybody we've killed," O'Neill said. With the exception of a long run of hangings, of course. One Bill Rudolph wrote from jail in 1905 asking William Pinkerton, Allan's son and successor, to use his influence to get Rudolph's death penalty commuted, not just for himself, but for "a dear Old Mother's sake." Unfortunately, Rudolph had shot down a Pink and he got no mercy from the agency.

The Confederate Army got more respect. During a stint of intelligence-gathering for the Union, the Pinks consistently overestimated enemy strength by as much as 100 percent, thus legitimizing the torpor of Gen. George McLellan, a charismatic do-nothing of the kind whose era ended the instant Lincoln located Ulvsses Grant

Handsome and Sly

The glamour of 19th-century crime is best illustrated by the pictures of train robbers Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid, as in the movie. They were not only handsome, they've got these terrific looks of sly delight on their faces, inviting you to cut the bull and go out and grab a little free money off those railroad trains, faces happy to plumb the human soul to its most rapscallionish depths.

A Pinkerton tracked Butch Sundance and the lovely Etta Place to Bolivia, where he found someone who said he'd seen them shot dead. Other reports say they lived on, and it's hard not to be glad.

The Pinkertons have not only lived on but have prospered. It's a \$285-million-a-year business now. Industrial security. Guarding offices. Dull stuff. A century from now, no curator at the National Portrait Gallery will be hanging a show about their 20th-

PEOPLE: Wiley Post's '31 Flight Duplicated, but Slower

Calvin Pitts, 47, and Ensmett Fry, conducted an extensive investiga-

52, landed a single-engine airplane at Manchester, N.H., completing a flight modeled after a historic 1931 round-the-world trip by aviation pioneer Wiley Post. Delayed and detoured by monsoons, politics, equipment failures, a religious holiday and a strike threat, the plane covered 25,000 miles in weeks. Fry, of San Jose, Calif., was Pitts' third partner on the journey, made to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the first global flight in a single-engine plane, by Post and Harold Gatty. Pitts and Fry are on leave from jobs with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. "Frustrating but fantastic," is how Pitts, of Severna Park, Md., described the trip after clambering out of the Spirit of Winnie Mae. Post and Gatty flew 15,000 miles around the world in 81/2 days in the Winnie Mae. Two years later, Post became the first man to fly around the world alone. Illness forced Pitts' first partner, Joseph Cunningham of Tulsa, Okla, to leave the flight in Newfoundland Pitts' second partner, Jerry Kuzia, of Akron, Ohio ran out of leave when the flight was delayed a month for lack of permission to fly across Siberia, Pitts said. He said Soviet officials would not approve enough refueling stops in Siberia, eventually forcing the plane south over Italy, Greece and India. The detour added 10,000 miles and \$8,000 in costs to the flight. "Then we ran into lit-tile, piddling delays, such as when we got to Greece, we were met by armed guards at the airport," Pitts said. Spirit's flaps failed on takeoff from Athens, forcing another de-lay. A religious holiday left the duo unable to get money in Egypt.

Two contestants who lost the race to be crowned Mrs. America are suing the pageant for \$2 mil-lion, alleging the contest was fixed. In a Superior Court suit filed by attorney Marvin Mitchelson, Denise Ames, 29. and Vicki Vidoni, 28, claim the winner "was predetermined by design and with the knowledge and consent of" the contest operators, who were sued individually along with the Beverly Hills-based Mrs. America Pageants Inc. Mitchelson said he

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tions got in the way. "I thought my

pilot skills were going to be tested

and they were, at times," said

Pitts. "But the real test was my pa-

tience."

tion into the April pageant in Las Vegas before deciding to file suit. He added that more than 25 contestants have backed up the allegations by Ames, who was Mrs. Nevada, and Vidoni, who was Mrs. Maryland. They say that some judges admitted to contestants they were pressured about their choices, and some contestants were offered payoffs for not complaining about the way the pageant was run, Mitchelson said. The suit asks that each of the plaintiffs be awarded \$1 million in punitive damages and unspecified general damages. Pageant owner David Marmel termed the charges as "hogwash," saying, "The allegations are false and we resent them — all of them." Among other things, the suit contends that fami-lies of the top 10 contestants were seated in the front of the theater throughout the pageant and that the family of the eventual winner, Mrs. Louisiana, Paddy Boyd, 33, was seated front and center throughout the contest.

Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser has been ordered to take three weeks of rest because of a viral infection. It is Fraser's third illness in less than two years, but Deputy Prime Minister Dong Anthony rejected any suggestion that the prime minister might resign. Fraser, 51, caught pneumonia last December and was away from work for more than five weeks. In the previous autumn he was ill for six weeks with pneumonia and pleurisy. Anthony, who took over as acting prime minister, told re-porters that the latest illness was viral flu but Fraser's doctors feared it might develop into bronchitis or pneumonia. * * *

The New York Wings Club, one of the world's leading aviation or-ganizations, has picked five pioneers of aircraft design to receive its 1981 Distinguished Achievement Award. They include: Olive Ann Beech, co-founder in 1932 of Beech Aircraft, who was inducted this year into the Aviation Hall of Fame: Harry B. Combs, president of Gates Learjet Corp.; Leroy Grumman, who founded his aircraft company in 1929 and specialized in the development of amphibious and corporate aircraft; William Piper Jr., who retired as head of Piper Aircraft Corp. in 1973, and Dwane L. Wallace, aeronautical engineer, salesman, test pilot and corporate executive with Cessna Aircraft Co.

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